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UNABLE TO AGREE.

FIRE ON THE BANCHO CHICO.

One of the Oldest Houses in Butte County Burned.

ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—The jury in the Ingham and Newitt trial this morning announced that they were unable to agree, but Judge McPherson sent them back, refusing to discharge them. At 2 o'clock the foreman of the jury again announced that the jury was still unable to agree, there being a conscientious difference of opinion. The judge insisted that they try to reach a verdict and sent the jury back to be locked up until tomorrow at 10 a.m.

It is rumored that the jury stands at 1 for conviction.

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ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Early this morning a large boarding-house on Rancho Chico was totally destroyed by fire, the occupants barely escaping with their lives in their nightclothes. Mrs. Hartie Wedekind, who conducted the boarding-house, believes the fire was of incendiary origin.

The house was the property of Gen. Bidwell, and its destruction removes one of the oldest houses in Butte county. It was built in 1859, and had many historic reminiscences connected with it.

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tended there to learn the result of the relief expedition to Gordon at Khar-toum.

The news that the Fifth Lancers had been engaged brought many ladies and the friends of the regiment to inquire for news. The gravest intelligence to-day seems to be the report of the capture of train with officers at Eland-slaagto, because it was understood that the railway across-country line was regularly patrolled.

No correspondents are allowed at the front, it is impossible to gain definite information, though it is known that Gen. Sir George Stewart White has made some extensive movements for the troops in that neighborhood. It is rumored that Commandant-General Joubert's northern column, with twelve guns, is now at Dannhauser.

Although the Boers have shown considerable activity in Natal, there is nothing to indicate that they are yet prepared for a serious combined attack, and the general belief here is that unless something unexpected happens, Gen. Sir George Stewart White will maintain the defensive.

The situation at Ladysmith is still confined to a repetition of the stories that Col. Baden-Powell moved down 300 Boers with his Maxims.

The surrender of Vryburg is not of great importance, but it will be regarded as a signal victory by the British.

Some military critics think it not impossible that Gen. Sir George Stewart White may be able to withdraw his forces from Glencoe and concentrate them at Ladysmith, there to await development.

The latest advices received here say that the Natal Carabiners, who were engaged with the enemy at Lester's Station, had six men wounded. An armored train has been sent from Vryburg to bring in the wounded. Several spies have been arrested at Lady-smith.

The admiralty has made large contracts for the supply of coal to all British coaling stations on the way to the Cape, so that the British squadron will be enabled to coal without weakening the present supply.

It is stated that the cruisers Argonaut, Furious, Pactolus and Peterurus, from the channel squadron, will escort the transports from Queenstown to the Cape.

BOTH SUFFER REVERSSES.

Boers Fall in Attack on Train. British Police Scattered.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ORANGE RIVER, Oct. 18.—[By South African Cable. Delayed in transmission.] The Boers suffered a reverse Sunday at Spruitfontein, ten miles south of Kimberley. An armored train went out to bring in train reported to have been captured by the Boers near the Spruitfontein siding. A party of Boers, who were camping by, lowered the train, signalled and displayed a white flag, apparently with the idea of inducing the train to proceed. The driver suspected that the Boers were in possession and stopped the train, whereupon the Boers issued in large force and opened fire, but without effect. The soldiers replied from the train, and about half a dozen Boers were killed. The British were unscathed.

Seven hundred Boers surprised a party of thirteen Cape Colony police, who were guarding the railway at Riverton Road, eighteen miles north of Kimberley, Sunday morning. The police, who had a trifling possession was heard later, and it is believed that the Boers blew up the station.

A relief party of twenty-five police sent from Kimberley met the Boers near Riverton. The enemy displayed a white flag, and the troops, who had fired into their train, but the police were ordered to retire. Then the Boers opened a heavy fire upon them, discharging about four hundred rounds. A bullet struck the horse of Surgeon-Major Sullivan, who, with a trooper whose horse had stumbled and dismounted him, was captured.

RIFLE CORPS MUTINIES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LADYSMITH, Oct. 18.—[Delayed in transmission.] The Unmobilized Rifle Corps, which is largely recruited from the Dutch colonists, has mutinied.

COL. HORE'S SUCCESS.

Story Reiterated That Three Hundred Boers Were Killed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—[By South African Cable.] A dispatch from Kimberley, dated October 17, says: "All is well with Col. Hore engaged at Mafeking October 14 with great success. Mafeking was still safe October 15."

A special dispatch to the Cape Argus reiterates the statement that in the fighting at Mafeking, Col. Hore repulsed the Boers, inflicting a loss of 300 men.

The Cape Times publishes the following dispatch from Kimberley: "Reliable information from Mafeking says that an armored train, which had been robbing north of the town last Saturday, engaged 500 Boers, who suffered heavily. Col. Fitzclarence's column foiled the Boers, inflicting severe loss. The British casualties were two killed and four wounded; two severely."

Complaints of Boer atrocities upon natives continue to arrive. These serve further to inflame the Basutos and Zulus. Yesterday 150 Basutos from Johannesburg arrived at Burgersdorp, Orange Free State, to demand that the Boers had robbed them wholesale and flogged them with blacksnake and lizard.

The party, which includes a son of Lerotholi, was supplied with provisions, and the Basutos then started homeward, cheering the Queen and chanting war songs.

THE BOER ADVANCE.

Artillery Shooting Down Tintwa Pass Was Indifferent.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

DURBAN, Oct. 19.—[By South African Cable. Delayed in transmission.] The following note has been issued regarding the Boer advance:

"An Orange Free State force, with a few guns, moved about ten miles down Tintwa Pass, opening with artillery in small British cavalry patrols. The range was very distant, and the shooting indifferent. The object may have been either to feint or draw our troops from the real point of attack, or a prelude to British concentration against Ladysmith."

There is an incessant succession of applicants for active military service, and the new force of 3000 mounted infantry, which the imperial government has sanctioned, will be quickly raised.

The French, Mr. Schreiner, continues to issue circulars to the Dutch residents, advising them to maintain strict loyalty to the imperial government. The best authorities now agree that the danger of a general revolt is slight.

CABINET COUNCIL HELD.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 19.—A Cabinet council lasting two hours was held at the Foreign Office today. Lord Salisbury presided.

UMVETIE OCCUPIED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LADYSMITH, Oct. 19.—The Free State Boers, on the falling back of the British patrols, occupied Acton House yesterday. Their probable intention is to cooperate with the disaffected Natal Dutch in Umvete.

Maj. Ady says that not a single

shell fired at the British scouts by Boer artillery exploded. This bears out the reports that Boer shells are defective.

It is reported that Chief Dinizulu held a Zulu "indaba" near Iandala recently. His attitude is loyal.

THREATENING AFTER LOOTING.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Ladysmith correspondent of the Times, under date of Wednesday, says: "The situation on the east border is developing a more serious aspect. The Vryheid and Utrecht commandos, after looting on the Zuluan border, are reported to be in the Uitshoorn district, threatening communication between here and Dundee. The situation at the front is reported to be growing more acute."

BOASTING ABOUT BALLS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"The Boers are boasting that they will hold fancy dress balls and masquerade in British uniforms at Cape Town and Durban by the end of October, for another £25,000 for the Transvaal has been seized at the Avondale Castle at Delagoa Bay."

WILD IRISH CHEERS.

"JOEY BAGSTOCK" CHAMBERLAIN HAS TO MAKE RETRACTION.

The Colonial Secretary Called Down by Sir John Stanhope and the Speaker of the House of Commons—His Views of His Policy.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 19.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The floor and galleries were densely crowded today in the House of Commons in anticipation of a speech by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, on the "Government's Policy in South Africa."

The Standard and the Evening Standard, and Sir Edward Clarke, respecting the interpretation that should be placed upon Chamberlain's reply, said: "If we maintained our ascendancy in South Africa, we are bound to show that we are willing and able to protect British subjects whenever they have suffered injustice and oppression. Great Britain must remain the paramount power in South Africa. I do not mean paramount in the sense of military or political power, but in the two republics and the British colonies. Every one on both sides of the House is determined to maintain these great principles. The peace of South Africa depends upon Great Britain accepting responsibility for the Transvaal."

Sir Edward rejoined that Chamberlain's remarks made the matter more difficult than it need be, for the Boers had been going on the war was a crime against civilization. It was very unfortunate that Parliament was not sitting the first week in September, or the seven-year franchise would have been accepted, and there would have been no war. Chamberlain's conduct of the correspondence, he characterized as most clumsy.

He had given twenty years unswerving support to his party, but when he was Sir Edward continued, he deeply regretted that he had done so. He had always been determined to secure justice for the British residents in South Africa, and to maintain the paramountcy of Great Britain, but with these things assured, he desired the benefit of the doubt. Turning to the principles involved in the war, the Colonial Secretary went on to say:

"If we maintained our ascendancy in South Africa, we are bound to show that we are willing and able to protect British subjects whenever they have suffered injustice and oppression. Great Britain must remain the paramount power in South Africa. I do not mean paramount in the sense of military or political power, but in the two republics and the British colonies. Every one on both sides of the House is determined to maintain these great principles. The peace of South Africa depends upon Great Britain accepting responsibility for the Transvaal."

The Boer oligarchy has placed British subjects in a position of inferiority, and what would have been the British position if they had submitted to that

inference?"

CHAMBERLAIN'S SUZERAINITY QUESTION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Chamberlain then turned to discuss the question of Radical animosity, denying that this feeling, which he said, was based in South Africa on contempt, would be increased by hostilities. He declared that Radical animosity had not been created by anything the present government had done, but that it existed before Her Majesty's present advisers assumed responsibility.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman interposed with the remark: "What I wish to point out is that the feeling of animosity will be increased a hundredfold with the Dutch's hate than his contempt. There never will be an end of Radical animosity, nor will there ever be peace in South Africa until the life of dare is imposed upon any self-governing colony."

John Morley, Liberal member for the Montrose district, rising to speak, was greeted with loud cheers by the opposition. He said: "A very material change has come over the spirit of the franchise, but it is not sufficient to give the franchise to the Boers. They are slaughtering each other." [Opposition cheers.]

Chamberlain retorted: "I say again that the Radical animosity which has been the curse of South Africa is based on contempt. Hate breeds hate, and when you have a man's hate than his contempt. There never will be an end of Radical animosity, nor will there ever be peace in South Africa until both races have learned to respect each other."

Referring to the relations of the Boers with the natives, Chamberlain said: "There is one subject not dealt with in the Blue Books. I mean the disgraceful Boer treatment of the natives, unworthy of a civilized power. In 1896 I actually sent a message to Sir Hercules Robinson for the Transvaal, requesting the treatment of the natives. Then came the Jameson raid, and our South African officials decided that they could not with propriety present the message. The Boers in their own words, trekked because they wanted to wear out the natives. John Dillon tried: 'That is not true.'"

This was followed by loud demands for order, and the Speaker called upon Dillon to withdraw the remark. The latter responded: "I have not impeached the veracity of the Colonial Secretary."

The Speaker said: "I hope such expressions will not occur again."

Proceeding to discuss the question of supremacy, Chamberlain said:

"The whole object of the Boers has been to oust the Queen from her position as sovereign. Now they have thrown off the mask and declare themselves a sovereign, independent state."

Mr. Morley contended that in Newfound land was a remarkable case of alienation of territory in favor of an individual, but that the Boers would not for the life of dare impose upon any self-governing colony."

Chamberlain interposed: "If we could imagine such a case of a self-governing colony imposing upon a majority of its inhabitants conditions which would be imposed upon British subjects we should interfere, or cut the connection."

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Chamberlain denied that the question of suzerainty had needlessly irritated the Transvaal government, or seriously affected the negotiations. As far as the administration of the Boers had never shifted their ground, he said, they every point advanced at the Driftfontein conference by Sir Alfred Milner had remained on the paper until the ultimatum. Chamberlain added:

"I am more afraid of the charge of being moderate than of the charge of being too aggressive. The government's reply to the Transvaal proposal accepted the five-year-franchise proposal except in respect of the point that Great Britain would not interfere in the Transvaal's internal affairs, and that the basis of the five-year-franchise measure was not yet fully effected. There would be no occasion for interference. I believe that in the negotiations of the Transvaal the whole point of difference between the opposition and the government is to the details of negotiations."

Justifying his conduct of affairs, Chamberlain denied that the question of suzerainty had needlessly irritated the Transvaal government, or seriously affected the negotiations. As far as the administration of the Boers had never shifted their ground, he said, they every point advanced at the Driftfontein conference by Sir Alfred Milner had remained on the paper until the ultimatum. Chamberlain added:

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W. T. Stead has issued a pamphlet on the Boer War, entitled: "Are we in the right? Are we all right?" It is a powerful indictment of Chamberlain's diplomacy bringing in the strongest relief the persistent provocative course followed by the Colonial Secretary throughout the negotiations with the Boers. This pamphlet will be distributed among the general public.

Mr. Stead's pamphlet is Mr. Stead's solemn declaration that Cecil Rhodes informed him that Mr. Chamberlain was privy to the Jameson raid, and that the administration inquiry into the origin of the conspiracy was hushed up because a point had been reached in the investigation which, if exposed, would implicate the Colonial Secretary directly in the plot.

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Los Angeles Daily Times.

[COAST RECORD.]

Snow-bound Stock.**SHEEP MEN ARE BUSY SAVING THEIR FLOCKS.**

Mountain Pasture Deeply Covered and Thousands of Animals Endangered—Owners Taken by Surprise.

Cattle on the Ranges South of Calaveras Big Trees Considered Safe. Many Big Drove in the Lower Hills.

Odd Fellows' Sessions Close—W.C.T.U. Executive Committee Convenes—Carnegie Endows Libraries.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

STOCKTON, Oct. 19.—[Ex-Dispatch.] Stock-raisers who pasture cattle and sheep in the mountains during the summer and fall months, are hustling these days to get their animals out of the deep snow that fell so suddenly last week. Men who pasture stock in the mountains say that all the owners are taken by surprise, and that none of the big droves of cattle have yet been driven to the lower hills, though many herders and scores of assistants have been working night and day to work stock down the mountain streams to places of safety.

Most of the sheep men got their flocks well down the hills, but several large flocks of sheep which were driven westward over the Sierras from Mono county were caught near Baker's Station, fifty miles above Sonora, where the snow is eight feet deep. The herdsmen hope to save their stock if another big storm does not come very soon and pile snow on top of the first fall.

The McCormick brothers of Stockton have 1000 head of cattle on the ranges south of the Calaveras big trees, where snow fell to the depth of five and six feet during the recent storm. They have no fear of losing their stock because the snow is light, and the temperature high and cold.

SONOMA GRAPES SAFE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **SONOMA, Oct. 19.—Rain set in again this morning, and it has been gently falling all day. The vintage season is about over, and no damage will result.**

HEAVY PROSPECTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **SANTA CRUZ, Oct. 19.—Rain fell today. The prospects this evening indicate heavy showers.**

NAPA'S RAIN INCREASES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **NAPA, Oct. 19.—A light rain fell last night. Today it increased in volume. There is a strong south wind, with good prospects for more.**

FARMERS NOT READY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **WILLOWS, Oct. 19.—The heaviest rain of the season commenced falling here this evening at 6 o'clock. It probably continued to fall through the night. Farmers are busy sowing their crops, and are not yet ready for rain. No damage, however, will result.**

HALF AN INCH.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **AUBURN, Oct. 19.—A half-inch of rain fell here today, and indications point to a continued storm. The weather is much warmer than during the previous storm.**

WIND AND RAIN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **REDDING, Oct. 19.—The hardest wind ever experienced in Redding has been blowing today. A portion of the courthouse roof was blown off. Several telegraph and telephone poles were also blown down, and many city bill posters' boards were demolished. Business signs suffered all over town and other damage was done. The force of the wind is abating somewhat and a heavy rain has begun to fall.**

RAIN AT SAN JOSE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—A light rain has been falling since 8 o'clock. The sky is overcast and the wind is from the south.**

W.C.T.U. EXECUTIVES.

Preparations for the Annual Convention Begin at Seattle.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **SEATTLE, Oct. 19.—When the National Executive Committee of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union convened this morning, preparatory to the opening of the annual convention and silver anniversary of the order, thirty-two States were represented with Kansas, Texas, California, Oregon and other delegations yet to arrive. Already over three hundred delegates are in the city, and by Sunday it is expected the number will exceed five hundred.**

MINE VENTURE FAILS.

Thousands Sink in Scheme to Dam the San Joaquin River.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] **FRESNO, Oct. 19.—The Ohio State Mining Company has sold its mining machinery to a local foundry, after sinking \$25,000 in the venture. The mine was in the bed of the San Joaquin River, at the outfall of Fine Gold Creek, at a point where the creek enters the river, and where there was what miners called a riffle.**

The scheme was to dam the river.

The scheme was to dam the river, divert the water, sluice and recover the gold in the pool. The venture has been abandoned after four years of experimenting and expense.

Presbytery, it was found to be a hard thing to handle. Rev. Burbank was staying during the six months, but the Presbytery had voted in favor of declaring the pulpit vacant and permitting the church to select a new minister if it can find one.

This evening Rev. Robert Coyle, the retiring moderator of the State synod preached the opening sermon of that body. His subject was the forgotten of sin, and he carried his large audience with him. At the close of his sermon the synod was organized by the election of Alexander Parker of the Los Angeles Presbytery as moderator. The permanent work is Frank A. Babcock of San Jose, and the stated clerk is William S. Young of Los Angeles. The report of the Committee of Arrangements was changed so as to give the first hour of the synod business meeting tomorrow morning to the formal popular meeting to-morrow night to discuss the proposed constitutional amendment exempting church property from execution. There will be sessions of the synod and of the women's synodical society of home missions tomorrow.

ODD FELLOWS' PARADE.

Most Imposing Civic Procession Witnessed at San Francisco.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] **SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The parade of Odd Fellows held here today in connection with the fiftieth anniversary celebration of the organization, was one of the most imposing civic parades ever held in this city. Over six thousand Odd Fellows paraded through the streets, and it took over an hour for the procession to pass a given point. There were ten divisions in the parade and one devoted to the Rebekahs, attracted unusual attention. There were a number of floats in the parade, emblematic of the growth and the purposes of the order.**

FINANCIAL CHANGES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] **FRESNO, Oct. 19.—Supreme Secretary McGillivray, of Toronto, Canada, visited the morning session of the High Court, I.O.O.F., and was welcomed with honors of the order. The Finance Committee reported over which the High Court has warned was accepted as a whole, and after concessions were made. The friends of retrenchment were victorious. The sum of the High Chief Ranger was cut from \$2000 to \$1000, the High Secretary, from \$1500 to \$1200. The Treasurer's salary of \$50 per year, and that of two auditors, at \$25, are allowed to stand. High Court dues were reduced from \$1 to 80 cents.**

A dispatch from Court Companions and a resolution of the branch of the female order were adopted.

At noon a recess was taken until this evening, the High Court in the meantime accepting the hospitality of the city, and county on junketing trips to vineyards and wineries.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **FRESNO, Oct. 19.—The High Court of the Independent Order of Foresters concluded its three days' annual session in Fresno at a late hour tonight.**

The most important business transacted in the night session was the election of officers and the selection of the next place of meeting. Santa Cruz was chosen as the meeting place. Stockton and San Diego were also candidates.

The officers elected were: High Chief Ranger, C. A. McElfresh; High Vice-Chief Ranger, S. L. Hogue; Fresno; High Secretary, W. H. Perry; Los Angeles; High Physician, Dr. J. C. Stinson; San Francisco; Councilor, F. McClure; Visalia; High Auditor, George E. Jones; and Dr. W. M. Johnson, both of Los Angeles; Treasurer, W. A. Reavis, Los Angeles.

ASSAULTS TO MURDER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **SACRAMENTO, Oct. 19.—Two cases in which the defendants were charged with assault to murder have been decided in the Superior Court here. Ed Hale, who shot and injured Charles Fields in Valley, July 4, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the County Jail.**

In the case of Harry J. Burr of Anderson, Shasta county, who shot and injured Peter Olsen in Bird's Landing last July the jury was out about twenty-two hours. A verdict was reached to the effect that Burr was guilty of simple assault. Burr will be sentenced Saturday.

ELDRIDGE HOME INVESTIGATION.

[Gov. Gage and Party Find the Institution All Right.]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] **SACRAMENTO, Oct. 19.—The directors of the Union Savings Bank are taking active steps to collect funds to pay the depositors their claims. This afternoon the bank sues the bank of Wells, Fargo & Co. of San Francisco to recover securities valued at \$50,000, and for an accounting. It is charged that in 1898 the Union Savings Bank was in debt to depositors to the amount of about \$50,000, and at the same time held securities valued at about the same amount.**

On June 1, 1898, it was decided to borrow \$50,000 from Wells, Fargo & Co.'s bank, and the note of Thomas N. Fisher for \$40,000, and that of Howard & Co. for \$5000, and T. E. Johnson's note for \$5000 were transferred to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s bank.

The Union Savings bank received only \$22,500 in return. It is charged that it had no right to do a commercial business and that defendant knew it. An accounting is demanded, also the securities or their value, \$50,000.

DECISION IN WATER CASE.

[SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals today rendered its decision in the case of the San Diego Land and Town Company vs. James M. Sharp. The decision gives Sharp the use of water from the mains of the appellant.

ATHLETIC CLUB'S PROPERTY SOLD.

[OLANOK, Oct. 19.—The Acme Athlete Club's property was finally disposed of at public auction today. It brought \$1200. The real estate amounted to \$2000. The property was sold under an execution of sheriff.

DECISION IN WATER CASE.

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HEAVY GALES IN OREGON.

[YAQUINA (Or.), Oct. 19.—Heavy gales, accompanied by thunder and lightning, have prevailed for the past twenty-four hours. A tremendous sea today carried away about seven hundred feet of the north jetty works.

EMBELLISHMENT CASE DISMISSED.

[SANTA CRUZ, Oct. 19.—The case against W. E. Veasey, late manager of the Hotel Rowden, at Ben Lomond, who was charged with embezzlement, was dismissed today in the Justice's Court.

E. J. Baldwin Acquitted.

[SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—E. J. Baldwin, who was arrested a few days ago for violating a fire ordinance, was acquitted in the Police Court today.

BULL-PEL PRISONERS.

[SACRAMENTO, Oct. 19.—There was a pronounced sensation in the Austin-Wilcoxson case this morning just before the noon adjournment, that was the more startling because it was entirely unexpected. The judge was about to announce a recess for lunch when one of the attorneys for the plaintiff arose and stated he had something he wanted to bring before the court.

Permission being granted, he read two affidavits. One of these accused Dr. G. B. Clew, of this city, with having tried to get Mrs. George Jackson, a witness for the plaintiff, to change her testimony, and to so change her testimony, that it would be less favorable to the plaintiff and more favorable for the defendant.

The other accused Tilden Jones of Sonoma and Colusa counties, with having offered E. A. Davis, another witness for the plaintiff, \$1000 and a ticket to the East if he would leave the State and not return until after the trial was over. The first affidavit was signed by Mrs. George W. Jack-

son and the other by E. A. Davis. Amanda Austin, a niece of the late Jefferson W. Woods, a man of wealth, sued against the executors of the estate to recover \$150,000, which it was claimed he had left for her in his safe.

THE STATE'S PROSPERITY.

Splendid Increase in All Lines of Production and Industry.

[LA. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

[SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The Examiner prints a review of business conditions in California, proving that the State is remarkably prosperous. The customhouse records show an increase in the value of goods exported from this port of \$2,081,464, for the six months preceding October 1 over the same month of last year.

During the nine months of the present year, from January 1 to October 1, ships arrived here from all ports, foreign and domestic, representing net tonnage, 1,943,566 as against 1,796,580 tons during the same period of 1898, a gain this year thus far of 14,986 tons.

Sale of driers at the San Francisco port office was postponed to the 25th instant, the proposed constitutional amendment exempting church property from execution. There will be sessions of the synod and of the women's synodical society of home missions tomorrow.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES PROMPTLY CURED.

[A Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.]

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the wonderful new discovery in medical science, fulfills every wish in promptly curing kidney, bladder and uric acid troubles, rheumatism, and pain in the back. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

"While I was in the Coeur d'Alenes I heard stories related about masked persons driving moccasins out of towns. They were told by people who observed them personally, that there is no doubt to their occurrence. I presume that twenty or thirty men have been thus unscrupulously required to leave town in recent years."

THE PELICAN'S FATE.

[British Steamer Probably Sunk With All on Board.]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

[SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Advices received by the Alaska Commercial Company, today, indicate that there can be no longer any doubt that the British steamer Pelican, which left Puget Sound in October, 1897, for China, founded near the Aleutian Islands, and that her entire crew perished.

A message received today from the Alaska Commercial Company's agent at Unalaska, dated October 6, reads as follows: "The Hunter arrived safely on the morning of September 29 from Unalaska, and found the Pelican adrift in the latter part of August one of them picked up a bottle, tightly corked, and on breaking the same, found the inclosed slip of paper announcing that the steamer Pelican probably was sinking, and that boats were swamped."

The natives also picked up a lot of wreckage, and among others a ship's stool, which is now in possession of the finder. The bottle and wreckage were found on the northeast shore of Unalaska Island.

The Pelican carried a crew of forty, under command of Capt. Gore. A careful search of the Aleutian coastline was made this summer by the revenue-cutter Grant, and British cutter, for possible survivors. No trace of any was found.

THE "PUSH" DEFEATED.

[Large Majority for a New City Charter at Fresno.]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

[FRESNO, Oct. 19.—The election for the new city charter today, resulted in a victory for the charter by a vote of \$44 to 107.

The "push" element in local politics made a feeble effort to defeat it, but appear to have given up the task as hopeless. The new charter is in many respects a novelty in city government. One of its chief features is that it gives the Mayor almost automatic power.

MONTEREY PIONEER DEAD.

[SALINAS, Oct. 19.—James Reynolds, an old-timer of Monterey county, as well as a pioneer of California, died today. He was born in Pennsylvania, and was 77 years of age. Fifty years ago he crossed the plains and came to the gold fields of California, and remained there ever since. His remains will be brought to San Francisco Saturday, where they will be interred by the pioneers of that city.

BIG MINING DEAL SUIT.

[SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—A suit has been commenced in this city against Col. W. J. Sutton, president of the Homestake Mining Company of Nevada by J. H. Ricketts, representing minority shareholders, to prevent the sale of the Homestake and other Nevada mining properties to an English syndicate for \$4,000,000. The suit is brought for the protection of the minority shareholders.

STATE HORTICULTURAL CONVENTION.

[SAN JOSE, Oct. 19.—Secretary Legge of the State Board of Horticulture will be here today in conference with the local committee, in reference to the meeting of the State Horticultural Society. It was decided to hold the sessions of the State Horticultural Convention of the 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th of December, here.

BIG LAND DEAL CONSUMMATED.

[VISALIA, Oct. 19.—A big land deal was consummated here today, here by Silliman & Huskiss of Watsonville secured 2000 acres of land fifteen miles northeast of Visalia. Heretofore the land had been used for raising grain and for grazing. The new owners will put it into a stock ranch. The price paid for the land was \$50,000.

DEATH OF A PETALUMA PIONEER.

[PETALUMA, Oct. 19.—George B. Williams, a well-known pioneer, aged 89 years, died at his residence here this morning. He was grandfather of the well-known San Francisco George W. Williams. He came to California in 1849. His death follows but four days after that of his wife.

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WIND FAILED.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

tion, kept off and gave the Shamrock a good start. The official time of the start was: Columbia, 11:01:33 o'clock; Shamrock, 11:02:00 o'clock.

The Shamrock's actual time of crossing the line was 11:02:05 o'clock. She was handicapped two seconds, because the yachts had to wait for the gun from the starting signal in which to cross the line, and she exceeded that time by two seconds. Jibes and fore-stay sails were taken in at once on both yachts, to give the balloon sail a chance. All the while the yachts were crossing the line, spinnaker booms were dropped to starboard, and the sails hoisted in stops ready to break out, but in the game of luffing and jibing which followed, neither yacht had a chance to set these sails for fifty minutes.

Hogarth, not being able to try his yacht on a reach on a triangular course, was compelled determined to make a portion of the race up at all costs. So they went at it. Instead of following the guide boat on the south-east-by-south course, by which they might have carried spinnakers, they sailed between four and five points to the eastward of their course, in order to make every sail draw to the best advantage, thereby covering at least five miles more ground than was necessary. The excursion fleet gave them miles of room, keeping so far away that the yachts were "hull down" most of the time.

During the first fifteen minutes of this reaching work, the Columbia seemed to increase her lead. After that, for the next half-hour, the Shamrock apparently was gaining on the Columbia, and at 11:50 o'clock, when they both decided to abandon the luffing game and set spinnakers to starboard, the Shamrock had certainly gained some on the Columbia.

Having the wind dead astern now, the Shamrock had decidedly the better position. If, with the assistance of some of the friendly puffs, she could succeed in closing in on the Columbia, her chances of blanketing the latter would be fair, while the wind remained steady in the same quarter. It diminished in strength at times, coming in puffs occasionally, but on the whole the outlook for finishing the race was not very encouraging at 1 o'clock, when the noted mark was in plain sight from the racing tracks.

At 12:45 o'clock both yachts jibed, after taking in their spinnakers and set those sails again to port, the Columbia setting hers first. The wind came in toward the westward gradually during the next half-hour, and at 1:32 o'clock the Columbia jibed to port, quickly followed by the Shamrock, which dropped her spinnaker boom to starboard and set the sail at 1:40 o'clock, the Columbia setting her spinnaker four minutes later.

It was now out of the wind, with

simply enough of it to fill their sails during the next forty-five minutes.

Balloon jib topsails were taken in when the yachts were about a mile north of the outer mark, and as they approached the jib topsails and by jib topsails were hoisted ready for the windward work soon to follow. It was noted that as the Columbia came down for the mark, her great mainsail with its crosscut cloths was a brand new reef having in it four reef and two reef bands. The jibes in her spinnaker ran horizontally, while those on the Shamrock were perpendicular. At 2:20 o'clock the Columbia took in her spinnaker, and all hands stood by to round in the main sheet as she approached the mark. The Shamrock's spinnaker came in at 2:25 o'clock. The official time for the turn was: Columbia, 2:24:45 o'clock; Shamrock, 2:31:03 o'clock.

By this it will be seen that the Columbia had lost 18 seconds ahead at the mark; that her elapsed time was 3h. 23m. 12s., and that the Shamrock's was 3h. 29m. 32s., showing that the Columbia's gain

had actually been 5m. 51s. in the first two miles.

When the Columbia had huffed around the mark, coming up sharp on the wind on the starboard tack, Capt. Barr found the wind to be about west by north, which meant that if it held in that quarter, he would be able on the other tack to lay to the west for the windward making another tack. One minute and twenty seconds after rounding the mark, he put the Columbia about, and found his judgment to be correct, and, with the wind freshened considerably during the next-half-hour, sending the white sloop along at a six-knot clip.

Hogarth, who went breeze-hunting off to the southwest for 8m. 15s., lost just about that amount of time, or was tacked and stood to the northwest like the Columbia. His imaginary advantage was that he was in the windward of the Columbia's wake, while the latter yacht was nearly two miles ahead of him, and pointing direct to the finish.

At the Columbia's turn to the northwest, the wind canted to the southward gradually, and at 2:35 o'clock she was able to set a big topsail in place of the baby. She also set a balloon staysail. Fifteen minutes later the wind had canted to south-southwest. Down came the Columbia's jib topsail and up went a larger one. The Shamrock followed suit a few minutes later. The wind was now falling rapidly every minute. The Shamrock was nearly three miles astern of the Columbia, and while the lightship was in sight from the Columbia's decks, she was still five miles from the line at 4 o'clock, with only half an hour of time left to finish within the time limit.

At 4:10 o'clock the committee boat started in toward the yachts, and at 4:19 o'clock exactly she fired a gun and hoisted a signal declaring the race off. The yachts kept on their sails drawing, and headed toward the finish line. Ten minutes longer, until their respective tugs came alongside and took them in tow.

When the race was declared off, the Columbia was leading by about three miles. She had sailed toward the finish about eleven miles.

NEWSPAPER PROPOSITION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The Evening World announces today that in conjunction with the Daily Mail of London it offers a cup to be sailed for by the New York Yacht Club in an inter-club race on a day to be agreed upon by Mr. Iselin and Sir Thomas Lipton. The World suggests that a change of crews be made in order to settle the question as to whether the crew of the Columbia is better than that of the Shamrock, or vice versa.

ALMOST NO WIND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—At 4 o'clock this morning the operators at Sandy Hook and Highlands reported that a very light wind was blowing, not exceeding two miles an hour.

Chicago Finishes.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The weather was clear and the track heavy.

One mile: Ramlet won. Bert Davis second, Maryland Reserve third; time 1:46.

Five and a half furlongs: Zaxa won, Bonnivard second, Alice Turner third; time 1:59:44.

One mile and twenty yards, selling: Imp won, Vincennes second, Tobe Vaine third; time 1:45:2.

Five and a half furlongs: Maybach won, Hi Lee second, Algarita third; time 1:48.

Mile and one-sixteenth: Moroni won, Tennessee second, Plainstain third; time 1:48.

Five furlongs, selling: Atlanta won, Rockwood second, Oleckwood third; time 1:48.

W. H. Appleton, Publisher, Dead.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—William H. Appleton, of the publishing house of Appleton & Co., died today at his home at Riverport, N. Y., aged 55 years.

CHINA'S CORDIALITY.

MINISTER WU TING FANG TALKS ON EXCLUSION LAWS.

Hopes for the Repeal of Statutes Which Discriminate Against Chinese Laborers—Celestial Empire Favors the "Open Door" and Expects a Vast Increase in Commerce.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—In his address before the International Commercial Congress, Minister Wu Ting Fang said:

"Persons are generally disliked on account of their indolence, immorality and other bad qualities, but I believe this is the first instance in the history of the world that a people are considered as undesirable and excluded from a country because of their industry, perseverance, honesty and other good qualities. China does not make such invidious distinctions. What is open to one nation, is open to all others. All are equally welcome. So far from taking any retaliatory measures, she is still holding the most friendly and cordial relations with the United States, and I hope and trust these relations will continue."

"In view of the certain increase of this vast trade and commerce between the United States and China; in view of the unrivaled opportunities China offers to American capital and enterprise, the question naturally arises whether it is wise to keep to your statute books a discriminating law against a people with whom it is to your interest to keep and maintain relations of the most friendly nature. This is a question for the manufacturers, manufacturers can be found laborers of this country to decide, and I am sure they will decide it rightly and fairly when the facts are laid before them."

An important statement made by the Minister in his address, which met with undisputed approval, was his reference to the "open door" policy of Great Britain and the United States, to which policy frequent reference had been made by other speakers. The Minister said:

"I will take this opportunity to say by way of a general answer to the preceding speakers who have referred frequently to the 'open door' in my country, that China always favors the 'open door.'

China opens her doors to the people and the trade of every country without distinction as to race or color."

At the conclusion of Minister Wu Ting Fang's address John Ford of New York, secretary of the American Asiatic Association, presented a resolution reciting that the exports of American manufactures to China are growing in value and volume, and rapidly unexampled, and other matter, that the Chinese market in the world offers such vast and varied opportunities for the further increase of American exports; that those opportunities are absolutely dependent on the maintenance of equality of commercial privilege, which treatment of Chinese laborers in the United States secure throughout the whole of the Chinese Empire; that certain foreign powers seem to show a disposition to restrict that market to the advantage of their own citizens, and the exclusion of others by the creation of spheres of influence; and that it is recommended as the judgment of the representatives of American industry and commerce engaged in the China trade, here assembled, as delegates to the International Commercial Congress that an emphatic declaration should be made by the government of the United States of its intention to protect to its fullest extent the rights which its citizens enjoy under existing treaties to pursue their trade in the Chinese Empire.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

The Chinese Minister, rising to a point of privilege, spoke as follows:

"I wish to answer one of the speakers who made the remark: 'It is all very fine to say that it is not just to exclude the Chinese from America, but China has 400,000,000 inhabitants, and if the exclusion law is enforced, will not that come to America?'

"I am very glad the question was asked, so as to give me the opportunity of answering. The Chinese that come here come only from two provinces of Canton. You never see a northern Chinaman here; no men from Shanghai, I mean, except in the diplomatic corps.

"These two provinces have a population of only about one million, so that even should all come which is manifestly absurd, it would not be very severe."

"The total population of China now is in excess of 400,000,000, and thousand.

"Why did these people come? Thirty years ago, when you were con-

structing your western railroads, you sent agents to China and begged the laborers to come here. Of course others followed their example later. But had you not done this I do not believe that we would have been any Chinese laborers here."

"These men do not rob you. They work day and night and make faithful servants. I admit that they want to go to America and go home, but is not that true what you Americans who come to China want? I believe that to get the trade of China it is worth while to let them come to America?"

"IMPORTANT DECISION."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The local customhouse was advised today by a private telegram from Washington of an important decision concerning the provisions of the latest Chinese Exclusion Act. The decision was from the Attorney-General of the United States, and affirms a recent ruling of Collector Jackson, subsequently sustained by the Secretary of the Treasury. Unusual importance attaches to the decision from the fact that it was bitterly opposed by the Chinese Minister and members of the Chinese Embassy.

Some three weeks ago, twenty-five Chinese sought a landing here under special certificates describing them as merchants. They were denied a landing by Collector Jackson because of the insufficiency of the certificates. It was held by the collector that under Section 6 of the exclusion act, it was necessary to show not only that the Chinese are merchants, but also the character of their business and time and place where such business had been followed.

The appeal to the Attorney-General was unauthorized by the exclusion law. It was allowed simply as a protest of international dignity and because involving the constitution of a treaty. Although the Attorney-General's opinion had no binding force upon the Secretary of the Treasury, it was awaited with great interest.

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ALMOST NO WIND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—At 4 o'clock this morning the operators at Sandy Hook and Highlands reported that a very light wind was blowing, not exceeding two miles an hour.

Chicago Finishes.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The weather was clear and the track heavy.

One mile: Ramlet won. Bert Davis second, Maryland Reserve third; time 1:46.

Five and a half furlongs: Zaxa won, Bonnivard second, Alice Turner third; time 1:59:44.

One mile and twenty yards, selling: Imp won, Vincennes second, Tobe Vaine third; time 1:45:2.

Five and a half furlongs: Maybach won, Hi Lee second, Algarita third; time 1:48.

Mile and one-sixteenth: Moroni won, Tennessee second, Plainstain third; time 1:48.

Five furlongs, selling: Atlanta won, Rockwood second, Oleckwood third; time 1:48.

W. H. Appleton, Publisher, Dead.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—William H. Appleton, of the publishing house of Appleton & Co., died today at his home at Riverport, N. Y., aged 55 years.

Gasoline Stove Explodes.

The explosion of a gasoline stove in a room over the store building at No. 1830½ South Main street started a fire at 11 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

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(POLITICAL)
BRYAN "BALLED UP."

HE EXHIBITS HIS HEAD-PIECE
TO OHIO CROWDS.

Orator Thinks He is Now Bald
Enough to Be President—Candidate McLean Joins the Party
at Dayton.

All the Old Free Silver Straw is
Thrashed Over Again With the
Income Tax and the Boers
Thrown In.

Increase in the Regular Army As-
serted to Be the Basis for a
Change in the National Pol-
icy—Trusts Denounced.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)
GREENVILLE (O.) Oct. 19.—William J. Bryan, Mrs. Bryan and the newspaper men who accompanied the party through Kentucky, crossed the river from Covington last night and boarded the special train provided for the three days' tour of Ohio, and ran to Dayton during the night, where the private car of John R. McLean was attached.

Today, at Greenville, Bryan delivered his first address in Ohio. There was an immense crowd. The visiting party was escorted to the Courthouse square. John R. McLean, Democratic candidate for Governor, introduced Bryan.

Bryan put on a skull cap, which provoked good-natured laughter, in response to which he said:

"My hair is not as much protection as it used to be, and you ought not to complain if I am getting a little bald. In 1896 they said I was too young to be President. Then I had to depend upon the Constitution to protect me. Now I can depend upon my baldness." [Laughter and applause.]

"I am glad to be in a county," he continued, "which, though dark in name, is bright in political annals—a county which gave a Democratic majority in 1896. You want to increase that majority this fall. [Cries of 'We will do that!'] If there was one reason for your voting the Democratic ticket in 1896, it was that there were reasons to one why you should do so this fall. There was nothing complained of in 1896 that cannot be complained of now. The same vicious principles, advocated by the opposition in 1896, are advocated today in this campaign."

"The Chicago platform, to which you gave such loyal support in 1896, is still the platform of the Democratic party, and the platform of the Ohio Democrats again endorses that platform. I believe the planks of that platform are stronger today than when they were written."

Bryan then entered into an elaborate defense of the income tax, and predicted a popular endorsement of the proposition. He cited the efforts of the government to raise a revenue to conduct the Spanish war because of the decision of the Supreme Court against the income-tax law. He concluded:

"Under the present system you make the poor pay more and the rich people less than their share. I believe every man who works for the purposes of the government according to his ability, and in proportion to the benefits derived from the protection of the government. I believe in protecting the struggling poor."

Touching the money question, he said:

"I wonder if any Republican here believes the gold standard is good and it ought to be continued. If so, I want to remind him that among the first things the Republican President did after his inauguration was to demand a commission to Europe to get rid of this good thing. If any Republican is in doubt, it ought to be settled by this action of a Republican President. All doubt should be removed when England spanked our commission and sent back our report. My friends think it is still unsettled, but the fight will continue until it is taken out of the hands of a foreign power and placed in those of 70,000,000 of free men."

He treated the trust question practically the same manner as characterized his Kentucky utterances, averring that while trusts in 1896 existed, they were not so plentiful or menacing as now. One leech may suck blood without the great public realizing its presence, but an army of leeches take away the substance of public life. He claimed the Republican party said some trusts were bad and others good.

"Do you want to know what trusts are?" asked the speaker. "Trusts are actually so bad that a Republican convention in this State, a month ago, run by Mark Hanna denounced them. They told you there were good trusts and bad trusts; do you know the difference between a good trust and a bad trust? A good trust gives liberally to the campaign, campaign funds, and a bad one does not."

The Republican party cannot destroy the trusts. When the Attorney-General of the United States is asked to intervene, there comes the biblical injunction, 'Remember thy Creator,' and the Republican party, created by the trusts, refused to do so.

The increase in the regular army as being called forth by the President two months before there was any war or act of hostility, which he construed as the basis for a change in our national policy; a change from the simplicity of republicanism to the forms of imperialism. He said Abraham Lincoln had applied the principles of the Declaration of Independence to the black man, while the Republican party of today denied the same principles to the brown man.

"I dare the Republicans to prove the title of the title, \$10,000,000," continued Bryan. "They claim the right to the Philippines by purchase, and that, too, after paying a less price for human beings than we pay for hogs. Let God choose between this definition of the independence of all governments and that which says all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed."

"When we engage in war of conquest we abandon the doctrine of self-government and lose our influence throughout the world. If we are bound for the struggle Boer in South Africa, we are asked in return what's the matter with the Philippines. This nation ceased to be a just nation when it ran away from the Declaration of Independence; from the sentiment that, all men were created equal."

Bryan said that when he first went to Cincinnati, in March, 1895, to advocate the cause of free silver, the first and foremost man to lend him assistance and sympathy was John R. McLean.

"Through his guidance," said Bryan, "our party in this State polled more votes prior to 1896 than we would have done otherwise, and the only reason we did not carry the State in 1896 was that there were more votes counted than we or the other side had in this State. When you vote for free silver and help save the country from imperialists and materialism, I believe

EXTRA.

Startling News of Another War.

(The following brief dispatch means much to every reader.) Los Angeles folks will have a chance in a few days of witnessing a war right here in their midst—a vigorous mercantile campaign—a series of onslaughts on prices of cloaks, suits, capes, furs, etc., by the Broadway Department Store. Here's the first whiff of burning powder—

25¢ Outing Flannel Shirt Waists—Friday for 15c.

A dress of \$1.75 and \$2 Fancy Dress Skirts in plaids, checks and black brocaded mohair—stylishly made, for 98c.

A sacrifice of \$2.00 and \$2.50 Plush Capes—plain or handsomely embroidered and black Beaver Capes; to go at one insignificant price of \$1.49.

This is the Biggest Underwear Transaction in the History of Los Angeles Trade



The Prices

Are the lowest of the whole year—the qualities are the best of the whole year, and the varieties are the biggest of the whole year.

Ladies' Vests.

Ladies' fleece-lined vests, jersey ribbed, 10c

Ladies' fleece-lined vests and pants, natural color, fine jersey ribbed, finished seams, gusset in the arm and silk-taped necks, 22½c extra good value; 3-day price.....

Ladies' part wool vests and pants, natural color, fine jersey ribbed, 10c extra good value; 3-day price.....

Ladies' part wool vests and pants, pearl gray, fine ribbed, 10c extra good value; 3-day price.....

Ladies' part wool vests and pants, pearl gray, fine ribbed, 10c extra good value; 3-day price.....

Ladies' part wool vests and pants, in fine jersey ribbed, natural color, silk-taped necks, 1.14

Ladies' part wool vests and pants, pearl gray, fine ribbed, 10c extra good value; 3-day price.....

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Ladies' part wool vests and pants, pearl gray, fine ribbed, 10c extra good value; 3-day price.....

Ladies' part wool vests and pants

Los Angeles Daily Times.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1899.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

"Liner" advertisements for The Times left at the following places will receive prompt attention. Rate: one cent a word each insertion. Minimum charge for any advertisement, 15 cents.

F. D. Owen's Drug Store, Belmont Avenue and Temple street,
Boyle Heights Drug Store, 1952 East First street.

Chicago Pharmacy, F. J. Kneel, Ph. G., prop., Central avenue and Twelfth street.

National Pharmacy, corner Sixteenth and Grand avenue.
H. W. Drenkell's Drug Store, Twenty-fourth and Hoover.

The Times will receive at a minimum charge of 50 cents "liner" advertisements by telephone, but will not guarantee accuracy.

Liners

SPECIAL NOTICES

L. A. STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. WILL clean and lay at 1c. per yard; will clean and lay at 1c. Tel. main 74. Renting a special room.

PLANT RUBBER CO.'S MACKINTOSHES positively guaranteed water-proof by the manufacturers; in finest eastern styles and materials. 1000 S. Broadway.

W. HOLLAND, FINE CABINET MAKING, hardware finishing, piano polished and high-class furniture repaired. 1336 W. Broadway.

HIGH CUT ON WALL PAPER AND HANGING. Get prices before you buy elsewhere. CASH WALL PAPER STORE, 430 S. Broadway.

WANTED—BY JAPANESE, HOUSE-CLEANING or any other work, by hour day. 60 W. SIXTH.

WANTED—A NEAT COLORED GIRL, 16, light housework. 154 Hemlock St., Vernon.

WANTED—A NEAT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Tel. W. NINTH ST.

WANTED—Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS. A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

800 W. Second St., basement California Bank Building. Telephones 605.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Gardening, house-cleaning, etc.; stout boy, store, \$1 etc.; ranch hands, \$30 etc.; 2 stone masons, \$45 day; errand boy, \$3 etc.; laundry, \$10 etc.; housekeeper, \$10 etc.; hand, \$5 etc.; rancher, \$25 etc.; electrician, \$25 etc.; house-painter, \$10 etc.; woodchopper, \$10 etc.; woodchoppers, man and wife, ranch, \$25 etc.; electric fixture maker, \$25 etc.; house-painter, \$10 etc.; furniture maker, \$10 etc.; min. carpenters, \$15 etc.; advanced miners, \$15 etc.; carpet-layer, \$15 etc.; busheen, \$25 etc.; second hand, \$10 etc.; shop baker; porters, country hotel, \$15 etc.; elevator boy, \$10 etc.; dishwasher, \$10 etc.; maid, \$10 etc.; cook, \$10 etc.; housekeeper, \$10 etc.; hotel pastry cook and confectioner, \$10 etc.; laundry marker and distributor, \$15 etc.; waiter, \$10 etc.; cook, \$10 etc.; baker's helper, \$10 week; hotel runner, \$10 week; baker, \$10 etc.; French cook, \$10 etc.

WANTED—GOVERNMENT POSITIONS. Do not pay for any civil service or commercial examination with our money. Address E. M. FRANCK, Fairbrook Cal.

WANTED—A PATTERN-MAKER, OFFICE, to help, man with wife, \$100 per month. Ranchman; janitor; operator; salesman; showers; teamsters; milk-wagon driver; porter; hostess.

EDWARD NITTINGER, 256 S. Spring.

WANTED—GOVERNMENT POSITIONS. Do not pay for any civil service or commercial examination with our money. Address E. M. FRANCK, Fairbrook Cal.

WANTED—MINERS; TEN HARD ROCK miners for Arizona. Apply at 2:30 p.m. Saturday, Oct. 20, 1899. HARPER & REEDS' AGENCEY, 115 N. Main.

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED gent's furnishing salesman, good window display; permanency; high salary. 311 S. Spring St.

WANTED—SELL YOUR OLD JEWELRY and silverware at mint prices to WM. T. REED CO., the gold refiners and assayers. Tel. 141 S. Spring.

WANTED—3 RANCH TEAMSTERS, \$36; teamsters for railroad work, \$15 and \$2 day; laborers, \$10 day. REEDS' AGENCY, 115 N. Main.

WANTED—BRIGHT MAN, ABOUT 14 OR 15 years, to help driver. Call office CITY TOWEL SUPPLY CO., today, between 12 and 1 P.M.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC MAN WITH small capital to go into a paying and honest business. Call office Mr. TURNER, St. 20.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for curtain and drapery department. Apply to Mr. COOPER, 115 S. Broadway.

WANTED—CARPENTER ALSO BOY WHO is somewhat familiar with cabin work. \$10 S. Spring St.

WANTED—CARPENTERS TO BID ON LATENTS for second houses. W. N. HOLMAN, Home Building.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS ADVERTISING agent. Apply between 8 and 10 a.m., 225 Donald Bldg.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 15 OR 16 years of age, in store. Address Z. box 20.

CASH FOR ACCEPTABLE IDEAS: STATE IF IDENTIFIED. Please send your name and address. REEDS' AGENCEY, 115 N. Main.

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED gent's furnishing salesman, good window display; permanency; high salary. 311 S. Spring St.

WANTED—GIRLS FOR OVERALL AND shirt work; machine run by steam power; to industrial girls can work pay well. Apply to COOPER'S, 115 S. Spring.

WANTED—SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR lady or gentleman to secure half interest in good-paying, pleasant, honorable business; no capital required; small amount of time; no experience necessary. Address Z. box 24, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SOLICITORS: MEN OF GOOD address for the season in city, 2 for outside sales; no capital required; small amount of capital required; position and time nice. Address Z. box 24, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—THE BEST-KNOWN REMEDY for travel, traveling representative, \$10 month; second with travel; \$10 month; maker; stripper; concert singer; horse; office, factory, shop; help. EDWARD NITTINGER, 256 S. Spring.

WANTED—GIRLS FOR OVERALL AND shirt work; machine run by steam power; to industrial girls can work pay well. Apply to COOPER'S, 115 S. Spring.

WANTED—BY TWO LADIES, 3 ROOMS with bath on first floor; must be sunny and suitable for housekeeping; furnished or unfurnished. Address Y. box 56, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR COOKING and general housework; good wages to right party. Call office, THE UNIQUE, 202 CARROLL AVE.; take Templest. car.

WANTED—BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT GIRL to assist in light housework; three in family; no room; pay well. Call COPELAND'S, 100 S. Broadway.

WANTED—SELL YOUR OLD JEWELRY and silverware at mint prices to WM. T. REED CO., the gold refiners and assayers. Tel. 141 S. Main.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED ALTERATION hand for tailor suits and jackets; home work. Apply to L. ZINNAMON, 254 S. Spring.

WANTED—TAILORESS TO WORK ON coats; also some that understand general tailoring. Apply to L. ZINNAMON, 254 S. Spring.

WANTED—HOUSEGIRLS FOR CITY AND outside; cooks, nurses, other house help wanted. 216 S. STIMSON BLOCK.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN HOUSE WORK; 3 in family. Apply 112 W. 17th St. 21

WANTED— Help, Female.

WANTED—APPLY AT WOMAN'S BUSINESS AGENCY for situations and help. W.C.T.U. Temple. Phone brown TL 20.

WANTED—TAILORESS ON HIGH-CLASS and with highest salaried paid. COPELAND'S, 100 S. Broadway.

WANTED—MOTHER AND DAUGHTER, cook and housework for country club.

ED. M. BROS. & CO., 20.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no washing; small family. Call at store, 201 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—\$100 ON A LOT WORTH \$200. Address Z. box 25, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED alterations, light hands. Address COOPER'S, 100 S. Broadway.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO COOKING and housework for a small family; reference required at 1322 PALM ST.

THE TIMES will receive at a minimum charge of 50 cents "liner" advertisements by telephone, but will not guarantee accuracy.

WANTED— Partners.

WANTED—A PARTNER, JOB-PRINTING business, who can furnish \$100 cash, with reference. Address Z. box 29, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—
City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—LARGE LOTS IN THE SOUTHERN portion of the city, for \$35—\$5 cash down, balance to be paid in monthly installments; take two, making a choice plot 100x150 to 14-foot alley on 80-foot street; Adams and 10th, 11th and 12th, 13th and 14th, 15th and 16th, 17th and 18th, 19th and 20th, 21st and 22nd, 23rd and 24th, 25th and 26th, 27th and 28th, 29th and 30th, 31st and 32nd, 33rd and 34th, 35th and 36th, 37th and 38th, 39th and 40th, 41st and 42nd, 43rd and 44th, 45th and 46th, 47th and 48th, 49th and 50th, 51st and 52nd, 53rd and 54th, 55th and 56th, 57th and 58th, 59th and 60th, 61st and 62nd, 63rd and 64th, 65th and 66th, 67th and 68th, 69th and 70th, 71st and 72nd, 73rd and 74th, 75th and 76th, 77th and 78th, 79th and 80th, 81st and 82nd, 83rd and 84th, 85th and 86th, 87th and 88th, 89th and 90th, 91st and 92nd, 93rd and 94th, 95th and 96th, 97th and 98th, 99th and 100th, 101st and 102nd, 103rd and 104th, 105th and 106th, 107th and 108th, 109th and 110th, 111th and 112th, 113th and 114th, 115th and 116th, 117th and 118th, 119th and 120th, 121st and 122nd, 123rd and 124th, 125th and 126th, 127th and 128th, 129th and 130th, 131st and 132nd, 133rd and 134th, 135th and 136th, 137th and 138th, 139th and 140th, 141st and 142nd, 143rd and 144th, 145th and 146th, 147th and 148th, 149th and 150th, 151st and 152nd, 153rd and 154th, 155th and 156th, 157th and 158th, 159th and 160th, 161st and 162nd, 163rd and 164th, 165th and 166th, 167th and 168th, 169th and 170th, 171st and 172nd, 173rd and 174th, 175th and 176th, 177th and 178th, 179th and 180th, 181st and 182nd, 183rd and 184th, 185th and 186th, 187th and 188th, 189th and 190th, 191st and 192nd, 193rd and 194th, 195th and 196th, 197th and 198th, 199th and 200th, 201st and 202nd, 203rd and 204th, 205th and 206th, 207th and 208th, 209th and 210th, 211st and 212nd, 213rd and 214th, 215th and 216th, 217th and 218th, 219th and 220th, 221st and 222nd, 223rd and 224th, 225th and 226th, 227th and 228th, 229th and 230th, 231st and 232nd, 233rd and 234th, 235th and 236th, 237th and 238th, 239th and 240th, 241st and 242nd, 243rd and 244th, 245th and 246th, 247th and 248th, 249th and 250th, 251st and 252nd, 253rd and 254th, 255th and 256th, 257th and 258th, 259th and 260th, 261st and 262nd, 263rd and 264th, 265th and 266th, 267th and 268th, 269th and 270th, 271st and 272nd, 273rd and 274th, 275th and 276th, 277th and 278th, 279th and 280th, 281st and 282nd, 283rd and 284th, 285th and 286th, 287th and 288th, 289th and 290th, 291st and 292nd, 293rd and 294th, 295th and 296th, 297th and 298th, 299th and 300th, 301st and 302nd, 303rd and 304th, 305th and 306th, 307th and 308th, 309th and 310th, 311st and 312nd, 313rd and 314th, 315th and 316th, 317th and 318th, 319th and 320th, 321st and 322nd, 323rd and 324th, 325th and 326th, 327th and 328th, 329th and 330th, 331st and 332nd, 333rd and 334th, 335th and 336th, 337th and 338th, 339th and 340th, 341st and 342nd, 343rd and 344th, 345th and 346th, 347th and 348th, 349th and 350th, 351st and 352nd, 353rd and 354th, 355th and 356th, 357th and 358th, 359th and 360th, 361st and 362nd, 363rd and 364th, 365th and 366th, 367th and 368th, 369th and 370th, 371st and 372nd, 373rd and 374th, 375th and 376th, 377th and 378th, 379th and 380th, 381st and 382nd, 383rd and 384th, 385th and 386th, 387th and 388th, 389th and 390th, 391st and 392nd, 393rd and 394th, 395th and 396th, 397th and 398th, 399th and 400th, 401st and 402nd, 403rd and 404th, 405th and 406th, 407th and 408th, 409th and 410th, 411st and 412nd, 413rd and 414th, 415th and 416th, 417th and 418th, 419th and 420th, 421st and 422nd, 423rd and 424th, 425th and 426th, 427th and 428th, 429th and 430th, 431st and 432nd, 433rd and 434th, 435th and 436th, 437th and 438th, 439th and 440th, 441st and 442nd, 443rd and 444th, 445th and 446th, 447th and 448th, 449th and 450th, 451st and 452nd, 453rd and 454th, 455th and 456th, 457th and 458th, 459th and 460th, 461st and 462nd, 463rd and 464th, 465th and 466th, 467th and 468th, 469th and 470th, 471st and 472nd, 473rd and 474th, 475th and 476th, 477th and 478th, 479th and 480th, 481st and 482nd, 483rd and 484th, 485th and 486th, 487th and 488th, 489th and 490th, 491st and 492nd, 493rd and 494th, 495th and 496th, 497th and 498th, 499th and 500th, 501st and 502nd, 503rd and 504th, 505th and 506th, 507th and 508th, 509th and 510th, 511st and 512nd, 513rd and 514th, 515th and 516th, 517th and 518th, 519th and 520th, 521st and 522nd, 523rd and 524th, 525th and 526th, 527th and 528th, 529th and 530th, 531st and 532nd, 533rd and 534th, 535th and 536th, 537th and 538th, 539th and 540th, 541st and 542nd, 543rd and 544th, 545th and 546th, 547th and 548th, 549th and 550th, 551st and 552nd, 553rd and 554th, 555th and 556th, 557th and 558th, 559th and 560th, 561st and 562nd, 563rd and 564th,



Walk-over
\$3.50
MEN'S SHOE.

Full particulars, together with catalogues circulars, etc., of universities, colleges and private schools advertised in these columns can be had free of charge by calling at the THE FREE INFORMATION BUREAU, DAILY TIMES BUILDING, ONE FIFTH AND BROADWAT.

Los Angeles Business College

212 W. Third St. Tel. Rock 2651.

Oldest, largest and best business training school in the city. Thorough, practical courses of study in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting and Telegraphy. College trained and experienced teachers. Best equipped business College Room West of Chicago. This is the only school in the city that has the right of using the Budget, or Voucher System of Book-keeping. All students receive a certificate that have the advantage of Spanish, German and Lou V. Chapin's Course of Lectures free. It will be given to all our students the merit of our school before going elsewhere. Night school in session Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights. Call, write or phone.

The Brownsberger Home School

Of Shorthand and Typewriting.

903 S. Broadway.

Only a year old, yet in this first year of its life it has given more pupils than any school in the city. We are very successful in obtaining positions for graduates. The largest percentage of our students are now employed in the city. Office training a special point. Good machines at the homes of the pupils free individually or in groups. Classes held from 9 to 12, or from 1:30 to 4:30 p.m. Term 8 months; usual college rates. Special class in book-keeping and penmanship under a competent teacher. Five years experience in business college work. Diploma on graduation.

Metropolitan

Business University

A thoroughly good school in every respect and thoroughly reliable in every particular. Business and shorthand courses the very quintessence of excellence. Terms within easy reach of all. Address us S. SPRING ST.

Los Angeles Military Academy.

Fall term commences Sept. 22. Stanford A. Hooper head master. W. L. Wheat, business manager. Fifth annual catalogue mailed free. Visitors take Westlake traction cars.

Girls' Collegiate School.

1918-22-24-26 South Grand Avenue. Boarding and Day School. Miss Alice K. Parsons, H. A. M. J. W. Parsons, Principals. Complete enough courses in English studies, languages, music, art, physical culture. Certificate admitted to college. Delightful home. Beautiful grounds. Girls' College. Girls' Club. Intercourse introduced. Primary department admits boys. Carriage service.

The Williams Business College

Pasadena. Individual instruction in book-keeping, penmanship, correspondence, commercial law, shorthand, typewriting. Terms low. Best standing.

Cumnock School of Oratory.

ADDIE MURPHY GRIGG, DIRECTOR.

Full course includes dramatic interpretation, voice culture, phonetics, elocution, English literature and rhetoric. Fall term begins Oct. 12. For information call or address

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235 S. Broadway.

The Los Angeles School of Dramatic Art.

G. A. Dobinson, Principal. The term begins October 12. Voice Work, Physical Culture, Fencing, English Literature and preparation for platform and stage. Studio: 525 SOUTH SPRING ST.

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Fall term begins September 26, 1899. All departments, including Kindergarten with bus. Courses in French, German, Latin, History, Math, Science, etc. Open air gymnasiums. H. A. Brown, Principal; Lieut. D. W. Beswicke, U. S. Navy, Assistant.

Fall term now open. Send for catalogue.

Eton School for Boys.

909 W. Pico St. Boarding and Day pupils.

Prepared for College and Business. Open-air gymnasiums. H. A. Brown, Principal;

Lieut. D. W. Beswicke, U. S. Navy, Assistant.

Fall term now open. Send for catalogue.

Ladies

ELECTRICITY

As used by me personally removes & S. Mrs. SHINNICK.

Electro-therapeutic specialist.

474 S. BROADWAY.

References—Many of our Leading Physicians.

Meyberg Bros. retiring from Crockery business only—Gas and Electric Fixtures will be continued on a larger scale.

MR. COURAIN Will bring his new

mammoth stock of

Superb Antiquus Turkish and Persian Rugs,

Etc., imported direct from Persia and Turkey.

which is believed of bond. He will locate in Los Angeles permanent home with his family—due to invitation of friends and customers—and will have a large store.

P. FITZWILLIAM J. N. HAMER, Proprietor. Manager.

Island City Grocery,

212 E. Third St. (Fitzwilliam Blk.) Phone Black 2941. Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. E. L. Johnson

CONSULTATION FREE.

Cures all diseases of the heart and lungs and diseases of women and children. Fifteen years successful practice. Recently returned from study in the hospitals of London and Paris.

Office 948 S. Hill St. Hours—9 to 4, 7 to 8.



LAST NIGHT'S FIRE

The Fire Last Night Under the Los Angeles Theater was Quite an Exciting Event.

There was grave danger of the Whole Block Being Destroyed.

MORE DETAILS

Owners of Large Stocks of Goods in the Adjoining Buildings Were Ready to Save Their Goods—The Smoke Came Up Through the Ceilars in the Music and Jewelry Stores. But no Serious Damage Resulted.

There was quite an exciting time last night on Spring Street while the fire was burning under the Los Angeles Theater. The police were quite efficient and soon had the ropes up and the dense crowds were kept at a distance of about a hundred feet from the fire and no one was allowed to come through until the fire was under control. The hardest feature the firemen had to contend with was the escaping gas, which permeated the whole of the cellar under the theater and crept up into the rooms above, making it very dangerous work for the firemen to get the water on. One gallant fireman who rushed into the stage entrance with a lantern, had not proceeded far when an explosion occurred, which fortunately, did not injure him.

The smoke was very dense and suffocating. Several of the stores in the immediate vicinity were filled with it, and at one time it seemed as though it would be necessary to remove the stocks of goods. Mr. Wuerker, who has the jewelry store just to the north of the theater and immediately over the fire, was on hand looking after his store and his valuable stock. He expressed his gratification at the result of the firemen's efforts. The piano store of Bartlett Bros., which is under the Music Hall adjoining the theater on the south, was the center of excitement. Mr. Bartlett was absent, but several of his salesmen were at the store, and when it appeared that there might be a serious conflagration the manager decided to prepare for the worst, and commenced to run the most valuable pianos up to the front door. The books and leases were quickly transferred to the new Broadway store. It was somewhat difficult to get at the most valuable pianos as they were mostly in the rear of the store; however, several Steinways, Webers and Kimballs were run up to the front, and made ready to take a skat on rollers down the sidewalk. It was, however, quite a relief to find it unnecessary to attempt to move such delicate and easily marred goods.

Mr. Salyer, the manager, states, however, that had anything serious occurred the loss would not have been so heavy as it would have been had the fire occurred two or three weeks ago, for at that time there were more than a hundred pianos on the floor, which have been sold—only about 70 pianos being now on hand.

Taking it all-in-all it is very fortunate for the Music House that things were not worse. It is to be regretted that Mr. Perry should sustain another loss by fire so soon after the disastrous one at the mill. The details of the origin of the fire will be found in another column.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN.

LOS ANGELES LODGE NO. 15, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at A.O.U.W. Hall, 111 S. Main. Master Devereux, Recorder, C. F. Johnson, M. W.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS.

COURT SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, NO. 112, MEETS every Monday evening at Unity Hall, 111 N. Main. R. W. Ferguson, Financial Secretary. C. J. Gould, Chief Ranger.

DEGREE OF HONOR.

MAGNOLIA LODGE, NO. 34, MEETS EVERY Friday evening at 8 P.M. at the Hotel Main, 111 S. Main. Eunice C. Cyrus, Recorder. Jennie A. Harrison, Chief of Honor.

UNITED MODERNS.

LOS ANGELES LODGE, NO. 90, MEETS EVERY Tuesday evening, 15½ S. Spring St. J. F. Manning, Chancellor. Chas. Lee, Secretary.

DAUGHTERS OF ISIS.

COURT THE PILGRIMAGE OF AL MALAIAKAH, Court, Daughters of Isis, and Al Malakah Temple, A.A.O., Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, under the auspices of the latter, was one of the most notable fraternal events of the season.

A banquet followed the proceedings.

DAUGHTERS OF ISIS.

LOS ANGELES LODGE, NO. 90, MEETS EVERY Tuesday evening at 15½ S. Spring St. J. F. Manning, Chancellor. Chas. Lee, Secretary.

CARTER'S

COMPLETE

... IS THE

BEST WORD WE KNOW
OF TO DESCRIBE OUR
STOCK OF SUITABLE
WEDDING GIFTS AT
POPULAR PRICES.

EDREDGE BICYCLES.

L.A. CYCLE AND
SPORTING GOODS CO.

319 S. Main Street.

If you will call at our store
we will show you the newest,
finest....

DOULTON WARE.

JUST IN.

H. F. Vollmer

& Co., 116 SOUTH SPRING STREET

Grand Fall Opening

Saturday, October 21st,

H. COHN & CO.,

142-144 N. Spring St.

Gentlemen!

Try our new Men's

Black Box Coat in New Principe

which is belted and of bond. He

will locate in Los Angeles permanent home

with his family—due to invitation of friends and customers—and will have a large store.

Hamilton & Baker,

209 South Spring St.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

The Fraternal Field.

Masonic.

PENTALPHA LODGE, NO. 202, conferred the Master Mason degree Tuesday evening, the work beginning at 6:30 o'clock, to allow the members to attend the reception and work at Hollenbeck Lodge.

The Royal Arch degree was conferred by Los Angeles Chapter, No. 42, R.A.M. Wednesday evening, followed by the customary banquet.

Signet Chapter, No. 57, R.A.M., conferred the Mark Master degree Monday evening.

At the late session of the Grand Lodge the name of Sunset Lodge, No. 290, was changed to East Los Angeles. The city already has a West Gate and a South Gate Lodge, this is probably the only city in the world which has such an appropriate representation of ancient craft Masonry, of which members of the craft will readily understand the signs and symbols used in the temple.

The full list of elected and appointed officers at the session of the Grand Lodge last week is as follows: Grand Master, Charles L. Patton, San Francisco; Deputy Grand Master, J. A. P. Morris, Los Angeles; Grand Senior Warden, William S. Ward, Mariner; Grand Junior Warden, Orin S. Henderson; Stockton; Grand Treasurer, Edward Coleman, San Francisco; Grand Secretary, George Johnson, San Francisco; Grand Chaplain, Edward B. Church, San Francisco; Grand Orator, John C. McElroy, San Francisco; Grand Lecturer, William H. Edwards, San Francisco; Grand Marshal, John Thompson, San Francisco; Grand Bible Bearer, J. B. Richardson, Suisun; Grand Sword Bearer, J. W. Boyd, Sacramento; Grand Standard Bearer, Sam M. Lovell, Los Angeles; Grand Prior, Grand Deacon, E. J. Louis, San Diego; Junior Grand Deacon, T. J. Richard, Mendocino; Senior Grand Steward, Walter Jansen, Livermore; Junior Grand Steward, Philip Davis, San Francisco; Grand Organist, Samuel D. M. Morrison, Tyler, Georgia; Assistant C. W. Pendleton; Past Master, W. P. Pentelton, Lodge No. 202, was appointed chairman of the Committee on Returns. A number of charters were granted lodges now under dispensation, including West Gate Lodge of this city. It was decided to return the money received by the lodge, and also to retain the \$1 per capita on every member for the maintenance of the Masonic home at Decoto. The delegates from this city returned the early part of the week.

The reception tendered the visiting members by Loyola Rebekah Lodge of San Francisco this week, and delivered one of the principal addresses.

The twenty-seventh session of the Grand Chapter of California and Nevada convened in San Francisco Tuesday, with a good representation in attendance. A reception was tendered Monday evening by the local lodges of that city.

Order of the Eastern Star.

RAND WORTHY PATRON DR. J. M. LAWRENCE of this city, who went to San Francisco last week in advance of the meeting of the Grand Chapter, visited the chapters of that city the past week.

The twenty-eighth session of the Grand Chapter of California and Nevada convened in San Francisco Tuesday, with a good representation in attendance. A reception was tendered Monday evening by the local lodges of that city.

Order of the Eastern Star.

RAND WORTHY PATRON DR. J. M. LAWRENCE of this city, who went to San Francisco last week in advance of the meeting of the Grand Chapter, visited the chapters of that city the past week.

The twenty-ninth session of the Grand Chapter of California and Nevada convened in San Francisco Tuesday, with a good representation in attendance. A reception was tendered Monday evening by the local lodges of that city.

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Los Angeles Daily Times.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1899.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

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MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.

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Founded Dec. 4, 1851.

Eighteenth Year.

The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 23,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES AND FROM 18,500 TO 23,000 WIRED WORDS DAILY.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY, \$2.50; WEEKLY, \$1.50.

Sworn Circulation: Daily Net Average for 1898.....18,091
Daily Net Average for 1897.....19,258
Daily Net Average for 1896.....26,131

NEARLY 800,000 COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

THE WILD ASSE OF HONGKONG.

LOS ANGELES—A Milk White Flag. BURBANK—Cumberland, '61. ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

WISE ACTION—"UNITED WE STAND." The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, in adopting resolutions in support of the plan of Federal irrigation, and depreciating the movement for building irrigation works at the expense of the State, acted wisely. For reasons which have heretofore been set forth more or less at length in these columns, the scheme of State irrigation, which was recently launched at San Francisco, is impracticable (at least in its present form) and ought to be abandoned. It will have to be abandoned eventually, and the better time is now, before any more time and money have been spent in boozing it. The people of the State will never vote to saddle the commonwealth with the vast additional debt necessary to carry out the scheme proposed; and the people of the State will have to authorize the bonds by popular vote before the money needed can be obtained. The national plan is broad, practical, equitable, harmonious, and for the common good of the whole and West. The State plan is relatively narrow, visionary, impracticable, and impossible of execution.

The Chamber of Commerce very properly instructed the delegates to be sent, on its behalf, to the proposed convention in San Francisco, "to make every effort to secure the abandonment of the State plan referred to, and also to induce the said convention to take such action as will best harmonize with the purposes and work of the National Irrigation Association." The promoters of the State movement have seen fit to throw cold water upon the national irrigation movement, and they will have no cause for complaint if the friends and promoters of the national movement fail to look with favor upon a scheme which, if persisted in, promises to retard the broader and more comprehensive plan for Federal irrigation legislation. The national plan cannot be defeated, for it is bound to become one of the imperative necessities of the future.

The Tucson (Ariz.) Star prints an editorial under the heading, "The Soldier and Statesman," which contains a significant reminder:

"Gen. Neison A. Miles is not only a soldier of which the country has cause to feel proud, but he has shown himself a statesman as well. He did more than any other man to settle the Indian question of the Rocky Mountain region, and at the close of that conquest, which resulted in the capture and removal of Geronimo and his cutthroats, he declared that there follow the conquest of which there was the conquest of the arid region to agriculture. In his address on the night of November 9, 1887, before the Society of Arizona Pioneers, he laid out the plan of the reclamation of the arid lands, the large sums of treasure the British government had expended in her oriental provinces in building reservoirs and thus enabling the people to secure water for the cultivation of their lands, and the like. The States government ought to aid the people of the arid regions in like manner."

"That was the first note sounded in Arizona in favor of the government aiding in the work of reclaiming the arid lands. Gen. Miles' speech, with a strong magazine article, setting forth the duty of the government in aiding in this work, of the reclamation of arid lands. This was the first public utterance in this country of any note which appealed to the patriotic mind and elicited general comment in the press. That note sounded by Gen. Miles twelve years ago has become the leading issue of the West."

Gen. Pio del Pilar appears to be almost as thrifty in his proclivities as was his superior officer, Emilio Aguinaldo, who sold out to the Spaniards for \$4,000, and then refused to stay bought. Gen. Pilar's schedule of prices would indicate that he is a good trader and we should say at first glance a "heap sight" better business man than he is a military officer. For the sum of \$50,000 he offers to refrain from attacking Manila; for the sum of \$25,000 will surrender his army after a make-believe fight, and for \$50,000 he will kick over the whole blooming Filipino "republic" and insure the capture of the fleet-footed Aguinaldo. This is certainly a very seductive price list, but our country objects to doing business with a pot-hunter. Uncle Sam prefers to wade through the swamps and crawl through the brush hunting for his own game; therefore, Gen. Pilar's offer is respectfully, but firmly, declined. Perhaps the fellow couldn't deliver the goods "nohow."

Mrs. Jane Lindsay has broken the 800-mile bicycle record in 88.48m, but the question is, can Mrs. Lindsay make it?

The occasional killing of a bandit in Arizona calls to mind the fact that the sun-kissed Territory is also on the war map.

DERICKS AND SUMPHOLES.

All the people of Los Angeles, other than those engaged in the oil business, will rejoice to note that the city authorities are taking steps to suppress those dual nuisances, the ill-smelling sump hole and the unused derrick. The gratification will be especially exuberant in those sections of the city threatened by the former, while those living on the hills, where they are permitted to view the derrick in all its offensiveness, will rejoice to see some of the latter come down; such action being promised by the steps now taking by the City Council. The sump holes demand immediate attention, for the reason that the first heavy and continuous rain will cause them to overflow, to the besmirching of streets and lawns located on the city's lower levels. The unused derrick is so unnecessary a nuisance that the offended citizen has but little patience with it, and its oblique iron from the scene should be vigorously insisted upon. So long as wells are in the process of sinking, the tall derrick is, of course, a necessity, but when the pumping has compelled these unsightly structures should be immediately removed. Had this been done in all cases since the commencement of oil development in Los Angeles, one of the most serious abuses of the business would have been obviated. They should not be permitted to cumber the ground over abandoned holes any longer. Owners thereof should be compelled to remove these derricks within a certain specified time, and if not so removed they should be confiscated by the city authorities. It will be a glad day for Los Angeles when the oil sump hole has been filled up and the number of unsightly derricks reduced to a minimum.

Regarding the appearance of Mr. Bryan at Churchill Downs, Ky., on Wednesday afternoon, a dispatch goes to say that: "The crowd was filled with enthusiasm and satisfied with barbecued meat and burgoo." It is quite evident that the dispatch referred to is barren in details. A Kentucky crowd filled with nothing, but enthusiasm, barbecued meat and burgoo would be as tame as an unshelled oyster.

It was Joubert who said: "Politeness is the flower of humanity;" but we notice that it isn't one that blooms in the street cars, to any great extent.

There is a Corwith colt of Besse Briggs, from Faustus, son of the great Enquirer, whose get won a greater number of races than any other American sire. This filly is called Carmelina, and fine proportions show what a horse she must have been with half a chance. Out of him all the horses are doing well.

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It seems extraordinary that there should be a Boer hunt going on, and Emperor William not in it.

You might as well hang up your hat, Sir Thomas, and prepare to spend the winter with us.

The finest ornament in Dewey's new house in Washington will be his boss.

Otis from his command in the Philippines. Whatever else may be said about Editor Lettmour one cannot forget that when gall was being given out the Lord didn't overlook the man who runs the freakish Manila American.

The assassination of the French officers, Capta. Voulet and Chanonie, by their own men has one pleasant aspect; the world has been spared the spectacle of another fantastic French court-martial.

Of course the ubiquitous American has turned up in the Boerland war, and whatever side he is on America expects him to be able to whip his weight in wild-cats, and he probably is.

When the Boers form in battle array to sing "Waah hoog nuu in ones holder lug," the effect on the estimated enemy will be more easily imagined than described.

There are so many soldiers coming home that the heroes of the football field are having great difficulty in finding a position where their valor can be placed on exhibition.

Mr. Bryan has jumped into the middle of that faction fight in Kentucky, and is slapping around him with arms, feet and a voice that can be heard ten blocks away.

Gov. Hogg of Texas is rooting around in Mexico, but he isn't making any free-silver speeches, for the reason that the Mexicans do not understand that Texan talk.

Two hundred years from now men will probably be coming to the front and claiming that they used to teach school and tick Dewey when he was a boy.

The boys at old Yale seem to have been having a fall festival with Mr. Hadley, the new president, as the queen of the revelry. "Rah! Rah! Rah!"

Sir Thomas Lipton's opinion of a windless yacht race would probably be worth hearing, but not fit to print in a great religious daily like The Times.

It was Joubert who said: "Politeness is the flower of humanity;" but we notice that it isn't one that blooms in the street cars, to any great extent.

There is general uprising of the tribes in South Africa in order to take a hand in the muss, but the Fennians, oh, where are they?

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You might as well hang up your hat, Sir Thomas, and prepare to spend the winter with us.

The finest ornament in Dewey's new house in Washington will be his boss.

The Playhouses.

COMING ATTRACTION. On Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, a company, headed by Eddie Foy, which includes the chorus of forty voices, will appear at the Los Angeles Theater in the vaudeville-comedietta, "Hotel Topsy Turvy," a piece which had a long run in New York and is still running in England. Mr. Foy was the star feature of David Henderson's big burlesques some years ago, and the promise is made that the skit to be played here next week is an excellent vehicle for the airing of his talents.

James B. Dill, a New York attorney, has taken pains to show that the reason New Jersey is so popular with the trust corporations is because she has a financial surplus. Those who have been making alleged witty remarks about New Jersey will be given fifteen minutes in which to apologize. A State with financial surplus is not a proper subject for rude jests.

We trust that this country will not get into any difficulty with either of the nations now at war in South Africa, because Chicago is selling canned meat for the use of the fat fighters there engaged. If it shall be found that supplying Chicago beef is a violation of the neutrality law, because the cans are liable to blow up, it will be hard lines on the buckle of the dead-hog belt.

In case none of the steeds become bared there will be an agricultural horse trot at the park tomorrow which should be worth going miles to see. We trust that Joe Patchen's spinner will be working all right, and that Mr. Gentry will be able to keep his flying jib from becoming tangled up in his top-gallant annex, in order that a lovely time may be had.

Dr. Dowle, the healing fakir, has had his environment filled with ammonia and broken glass, although he managed to escape his assailants without getting his nose full of one or his meanly skin filled with chunks of the other. The people will grieve to know that Doc has been so extremely fortunate.

THE KAISER'S SPEECH.

Newspapers Comment on the Significance of the Emperor's Words. (ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

BALTIMORE, Oct. 19.—By Atlantic Cable. The newspapers are for the most part barren of comment upon the speech of Emperor William at Hamburg yesterday, at a luncheon following the launching of the battleship Kaiser Karl der Grosse.

The Berlin Tageblatt, however,

says: "His Majesty's expressions of regret that his wish for a big fleet did not meet with intelligent furtherance, eight years ago, will be found of great significance now in more ways than one."

The Socialist organ, the Vorwärts, says: "The speech was a mixture of pan-German fleet enthusiasm, and Von Miquel's non-partisan 'sammel politik' (gathered politics)."

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Adolph Liebes, who, with his cousin, Philip Liebes, is New York agent of the big San Francisco firm of house of H. Liebes, shot himself three times with suicidal intent yesterday. He is still alive.

Liebes evidently went to his place of business yesterday with his mind made up to commit suicide. After opening his mail he found several letters from the police, telling him that he was wanted for the shooting of his wife, Anna, and a very racy-looking bit of equine machinery she is to be sure. It is a two-year-old race horse last year at the fair. Eddie Foy is in the Derby, and has a world of speed. If she can be held back in the fore part of the race and saved for a final brush in the stretch, she may be able to give the leaders a hard contest under the wire.

Mr. Waring of Arlington Place during the winter months, and a resident of Santa Monica during the summer, purchased by him from the late J. Rose. This filly is called Ellen Woods, and a very racy-looking bit of equine machinery she is to be sure. It is a two-year-old race horse last year at the fair. Eddie Foy is in the Derby, and has a world of speed. If she can be held back in the fore part of the race and saved for a final brush in the stretch, she may be able to give the leaders a hard contest under the wire.

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE.
WATER-BOND BIDS.

HEAVY DEPOSIT MAY AFFECT THE PREMIUM.

Representative of an Eastern House Says Bidders Will Combine Their Matter Adjusted—Mayor on Oil Refineries.

Judge Smith Gives the Sport of Coursing a Heavy Blow in an Opinion Handled Down Yesterday.

The Traction Company Sued—A Suit Grows Out of an Exchange of Hotel Properties—Moore Minors at Law.

A representative of one of the large eastern bond-buying houses predicts that the high rate of deposit demanded by the city with bids for the water bonds will result in a combine, and will cause a considerable loss of premium. He maintains that no company can afford to have \$100,000 tied up for any great length of time, and that the proposed water litigation will deter bond buyers from putting that amount of money into the form of a certified check. The City Attorney does not think any loss to the city will result from the heavy deposit demanded.

The hitch in the proceedings for the sale of about five acres of land along the river above the Buena Vista-street bridge to the Southern Pacific Company, occasioned by the discovery that the Zanja Madre runs across the property, has been straightened out, and the sale will probably be authorized by the Council on Monday.

Major Eaton declares that he is not in favor of stifling legitimate enterprise, and therefore will not sign the ordinance passed by the Council regulating oil refineries. He says it is in favor of ordinances prohibiting these refineries from allowing gases to escape to the detriment of a section; but that he will not sign a measure that does not reach the vital objections that may be made to this industry.

Justice James, in finding F. D. Black guilty of cruelty to animals, the court holds that coursing, under modern methods, is unnecessarily cruel.

The Traction Company for \$10,000 damages yesterday on account of the accidental death of her husband in September.

A. L. Ross, formerly owner of several southern hotels, is being sued for damages for a libel and for misrepresentation in connection with an exchange for a hotel in this city.

Three Moore minors, by their guardian, were in court yesterday suing their mother and others for an accounting of money over \$300, and the appointment of a receiver. A. W. Bruno will be appointed.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]
BIDDERS MAY COMBINE.

OBJECT TO THE HEAVY DEPOSIT ON WATER BONDS.

The Premium Paid the City May Be Affected—Zanja Will not Prevent the Southern Pacific's Purchase—Mayor Declares for Legitimate Enterprise.

A representative of one of the big eastern bond-buying houses appeared at the office of the City Clerk, yesterday morning and entered an objection against the heavy deposit required with bids for the water bonds. He said that instead of a number of bids for the bonds being presented, it was likely that there would be two or three, as in view of the heavy deposit demanded many of the big eastern houses would combine. In this way the premium that might otherwise go to the city would be shared by the concerns that got the bonds.

The ordinance authorizing the City Clerk to advertise the bonds for sale, which passed the Council last Monday, included a provision requiring those bids upon the bonds to present a certified check for 10 per cent of the face value of the bond of bid upon. This requirement did not demand, as has been the rule heretofore, that the certified check should be upon a Los Angeles bank, but gave the bidder greater latitude than has been custom.

This requirement was made with a view to testing the good faith of the bidder, and if for any reason he should not make the purchase as agreed, the check would be forfeited to the city. It should be noted that for the total amount of the bonds, \$2,000,000, this provision would necessitate the deposit of a certified check for \$100,450. In view of the threatened litigation on the water question and the liability that an injunction may be secured by the city, it would be necessary to require a certified check for \$2,000, which might be put up for a long time while the differences between the water companies and the city are being settled in the courts.

"If the issue of bonds was for a smaller amount or if there was no litigation that threatened to keep the money tied up for a time," the gentleman said, "there would be less reason to object to the high rate of deposit as it depended on the city. At a rate of 1 per cent had been demanded a certified check for about \$2,000 would have to be presented and that would have been just and fair. No company could afford to forfeit that amount and just the same effort to fulfill the obligation would be made by the purchaser as if the \$100,000 had been deposited."

Taxes and Apportionment.

The amount of taxes collected at the office for the City Tax and License Collector has been slightly greater during the last few days than in previous times, higher rates were charged. Then, it must be borne in mind that it was not necessary for the prospective purchaser to bid on the total amount of bonds, but only on such a portion as he might choose. In his opinion the city could not be compelled to lose anything by the rate of deposit demanded, and in case of bad faith on the part of the bond-buyer the city would be the gainer.

Some of the city officials were of the opinion that there was considerable truth in what the bond buyer had said and even went so far as to say that it would be wise for the Council to rescind its action and amend the ordinance so as to require a smaller percentage of the par value of the bonds as a deposit. However, the Council is a whole will look at the matter and is problematical. It has been a rule of the Councilmen to accept the opinion of the City Attorney on such matters, and as he favors requiring the present

per cent. of the value of the bonds bid upon, as a deposit, it is likely that the ordinance will not be changed.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC'S PURCHASE.

Zanja Will not Interfere With the Transfer.

Some weeks ago the Southern Pacific Company made a proposition to the city for the purchase of about five acres of land lying along the present right-of-way above Buena Vista street. The property is situated between the tracks and the river and has no outlet either at the upper or lower end except by crossing the land of the Southern Pacific Company. At a conference of the City Engineer and the Bridge Committee last week, it was decided to sell the property to the railroad. The land is low and will never be of any value to the city, according to the opinion of the City Engineer unless extensive filling should be done and much money spent.

The Southern Pacific Company wants it because it will provide good railroad yards at a point where it is anticipated the company will soon buy side tracts. Another element also enters into the question. The city has let a contract for the building of a bridge across the river at the Los Feliz road and construction has already begun. The railroad company alleges that it will cause great expense to the city to build a bridge conform to the grade of the bridge, and the Council has been informed that the railroad will fight the proposition. The company desires to have the city raise the bridge so as to make an even crossing. In this the company offers to defray the extra expense directly, or else to purchase the five acres from the city and pay \$5000, a part of which can be used in raising the bridge.

The matter was fully arranged and was ready to be reported to the Council last Monday when it was discovered that the zanja madre, which supplies the southern part of the city with water for irrigation, runs across the land in question. Action on the matter was postponed and an investigation ordered. An examination of the location of the zanja shows that it is at the present time as follows: that the city would be just as well off if the property in question were sold, as far as the zanja is concerned.

Yesterday afternoon Councilman Fred L. Baker, City Clerk, and Councilman John A. Muir and Engineer E. S. Swain, representing the Southern Pacific, for a discussion of the situation. As a result, the Southern Pacific agreed to deed to the city a right-of-way ten feet in width across the right-of-way of the zanja madre, and that the city would intend to purchase, and to allow the city to maintain the zanja at the present location until such time as it is convenient to change it. With this understanding between the railroad and the city, it is probable that the Council will ratify the sale of the land next Monday.

"All the differences between the railway and the city in relation to the purchase of the property have been adjusted," said Councilman Baker last evening. "It is plain that the city will have to pay the difference in price and the rent some day, and as we have the right-of-way it does not matter if the railroad does fill in the property or order to establish sidings. I believe that the Southern Pacific intends to do the fair thing in the matter, and I do not see that the same will ever happen, having the custody or charge of any animal, either as owner or otherwise, inflicts unnecessary cruelty upon the same, shall, upon conviction, be denied gun and pistol permit, section 18 of the same, provides that the word "animal" shall be held to include every living dumb creature; the words torture, torment and cruelty, shall be held to include every act, omission or neglect whereby unnecessary pain, suffering or mental pain or suffering is caused or permitted."

The case was prosecuted on behalf of the people by Messrs. Henning & Bowen, counsel for the Good Government League. Black's interests being given up by Mr. & Mrs. Moore, the master was concluded in the Township Court; it was immediately appealed to the Superior Court.

It was claimed by defendant that a person has a perfect right to pursue a hobby in which he may run up the plains and elsewhere with dogs, over lake and kill them; that hunting rabbits with hounds is a common and practical mode of hunting them, and that the killing by the dogs in such case is a natural result of the hunting, and his contention was that there is no more pain or suffering inflicted upon the rabbit when overtaken and killed by dogs in coursing than when overtaken and killed by men in their wild state upon the plains. Moreover, he said, under this section he had been convicted if he had some useful object in the killing, as the protection of his wheat or corn.

"These are all the cases to which the court's attention has been called bearing upon the defendant's contention. On the other hand, it is now held by the Supreme Court of Colorado, under a statute similar to our own, that shooting doves from a trap is a violation of the Pacific statute. Waters vs. People, 46 Pacific Rep., 112. And the decision was based upon the grounds that killing "to no necessary and justifiable" must be prompted by a "wanton motive, and a reasonable object." That the killing of captive doves as they are released from a trap merely to improve one's skill in marksmanship or for sport and amusement, however, is not specifically held to inflict pain or torture, is within the meaning of the act, unnecessary and unjustifiable."

"Defendant cites the case of Commonwealth vs. Lewis, 140 Penn. 261. That was a prosecution under a statute which provided, 'Any person who shall commit or cruelly inflict pain or suffering is caused or permitted,' using that the killing by coursing is unnecessary and unjustifiable; that the object on the part of defendant is not to exterminate pests, nor kill them as food for food, but for pain and amusement. The court held that the killing being a pest, and that the statute defining cruelty to be unnecessary pain, therefore, the killing is cruelty to animals within the meaning of the statute, in his opinion, says:

"The plaintiff admitted the right to kill the rabbits, but claims that as such as to make the act necessary and justifiable, relying upon that part of section 16 which provides that 'the words torture, torment and cruelty shall be held to include every act, omission or neglect whereby unnecessary pain, suffering or mental pain or suffering is caused or permitted,' using that the killing by coursing is unnecessary and unjustifiable; that the object on the part of defendant is not to exterminate pests, nor kill them as food for food, but for pain and amusement. The court held that the killing being a pest, and that the statute defining cruelty to be unnecessary pain, therefore, the killing is cruelty to animals within the meaning of the statute, in his opinion, says:

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to them. Damages in the sum of \$10,000 are asked for.

BRIEFS.

Miscellaneous Legal and Other Items.
FOR FORECLOSURE. S. M. Metcalf is suing John Ditter to recover \$200 on a promissory note, executed December 5, 1896, at 12 per cent., and secured by a mortgage on property in Antelope Valley.

INSANE. Violet Harrington was ordered committed to the State Hospital for the Insane at Highland yesterday, by Judge Allen, sitting in Department Four, on recommendation of Dr. S. H. Boynton and Dr. H. S. Morris. The girl, who is an escapee from the Florida State Hospital, in a broken way, that her home was formerly in San Bernardino. Immediately upon her escape, she took possession of a family's house near Hyde Park and refused to leave. She is very violent and incessantly loquacious.

TRIAL SET. The second trial of "Doc" Crandall for the murder of Jack Bowman in Santa Monica Cañon about two years ago, has been set for December 21.

BAIL REDUCED. J. J. Clayton, charged with assault with a deadly weapon on the person of Earl Rogers, Esq., was arraigned in Department One yesterday morning. He says he is sick and wished to return to the County Hospital. On application yesterday his bail was reduced from \$2000 to \$1000, which he feels he can procure. He pleads not guilty to the charge against him.

GUARDIAN MATTER. Fred Feller and others ask that Victor Hugo Theobald be appointed guardian of the estate and person of Edward Neuber, a minor son of Adolf Neuber, who lives in Litchfield, Ill.

PEEBLE-MINDED CHILD. Joseph Grimaud, the youthful son of Flavia Grimaud, was committed by Judge Yost yesterday to the California Home for Peeble-Minded Children.

CHICAGO MAN'S ESTATE. The will of the late J. McGoldrick, a wealthy Chicago man, was admitted to probate in the Superior Court yesterday. His estate is estimated to be worth \$350,000, property in the value of \$15,000 being located in Los Angeles county.

FIGHT FOR OIL. The Pickering Land and Water Company is suing Sarah F. C. Savage in Judge Fitzgerald's court to quiet title to a strip of land at Whittier that has suddenly become valuable on account of oil discovery.

Events in Society.

[Communications intended for the society columns of The Times must be signed, and must be written on only one side of the page. Anonymous communications, personal items, etc., and those which, because they are written on both sides of a page, have to be rewritten, will receive no attention.]

Mrs. Fred A. Hines of West Eleventh street gave a charming "at home" yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Jessie Kimble, who will be married October 26 to Charles E. Parcellis of San Francisco, and Miss Helen Fairchild, whose engagement has recently been announced to N. M. Myrick of New York. The entire house was exquisitely decorated. Pink and green predominated, the arrangement producing a handsome background for the dainty gowns worn by the guests. Smilax, potted palms, ferns, carnations and cosmos were used in large quantities and cupid bows of pink tataran ornamented the walls. An orchestra, seated in the hall, behind a screen of palms, furnished popular music during the afternoon. Miss Fairchild and Miss Kimble received with Mrs. Hines, Arthur Braly, Richard Bendum, Jack Jeune, Ezra Stimson, William Dean and John W. and Frank Redmond. The guests were entertained with a guessing contest, and handsome prizes were awarded. Miss Henrietta Janss captured first, a cupid in German bisque; Miss Hattie Kimble received a Copenhagen plate, decorated with a cupid design; a second award, and the competition prize, a cupid pin tray, was won by Miss Venie Walrath. The score cards were pale pink, ornamented with a bright red rose (emblematic of true love), done in water colors. Following the contest elaborate refreshments were served by Mrs. Redmond. The meal was prepared by Mrs. Eddie Bioknell, Annie Walrath, Letitia Lewis, Alvina Janss, Henrietta Janss, Alma Foy, Florence Riley, Lila Fairchild, Hattie Kimble, Harriet Smith, Kate Landt, Dorothy Wellborn, Lillian Wellborn, Norma Berry, Billie Colley, Mrs. Nellie Desmond, Alice Strong, Kate Desmond, Con Foy, Viva Schroder, Mabel Channell, Fannie Lockhart, Genevieve Smith, Carrie Coleman, Elsie Milner, Hattie Milner, Elsie Forman, Helen Lewis of Racine, Wis.; Christine Kurtz, Edith McFarland, Sophie Marman, Knight, Helen Eaton, Giletta Workman, Elizabeth Shankland, Hallie Tuttle, Eleanor Tuttle, Susanne Easton.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

A tally-ho party for the races Saturday has been formed by the following named: Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hines, Mr. and Mrs. Horton, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Braly, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Jeune, Misses Helen and Lila Fairchild and Messrs. N. M. Myrick and E. H. Bendum. Mrs. Fannie Lockhart, Sophie Marman, Knight, Helen Eaton, Giletta Workman, Elizabeth Shankland, Hallie Tuttle, Eleanor Tuttle, Susanne Easton.

The Victor Oil Heater, daughter of Mayor and Mrs. Fred Eaton, has just returned from a visit in San Francisco. Friends—Lillian Stephens will entertain them next Tuesday afternoon at the home of her parents, Judge and Mrs. Stephens, on South Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Kramer gave their opening dance of the season in their ballroom on South Grand avenue Tuesday evening.

Miss Marie Geisler of Glendale is the guest of Miss Lillian Ashman.

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

Athletic Meets to Be Arranged. Tooth-ill Captain Elected.

The Athletic Association of the U.S.C. is in receipt of a challenge from Pomona College, located at Claremont, proposing meetings between the two institutions in football, baseball, tennis and track. Last year athletic relations were broken off between the two colleges, because Pomona refused to meet teams chosen from all departments of the university. The communication which is now presented asks for contests, the university to select representatives from all its branches located in Los Angeles. A proposal has been made to the University of Ontario. The University Athletic Association has accepted the challenge for this year, but does not relinquish its right to use Chaffey athletics in the years to come. A committee to confer with a like body from Pomona College has been appointed. The following is the committee: H. B. Tabbett, president of the Athletic Association; Le Roy R. Enyear, man-

ager of the track team; J. B. Hoffer, manager of the football team; W. R. McAllester, manager of the baseball team; and a representative of the Tennis Association to be appointed. This committee will go to Claremont next week and complete arrangements for this year's athletic meets. The details for the annual Thanksgiving football game will probably be settled at that time.

Le Roy R. Enyear has been elected manager of the track team to succeed George Hardie, who did not return to college this year.

Dr. Frank Gordon will lecture in lecture-room 19 at the college today on "The Story of the University of Herk." The remains of Charles E. Stewart of San Diego, who died at the Veterans' Hospital yesterday, will be taken to San Diego on the noon train today, where the funeral will be held at the Masonic Temple Saturday afternoon.

He was also prominent in the Native Sons of the Golden West, the Knights of Maccabees and the Independent Order of Foresters.

Mail Orders Filled. | CRANDALL, AYLSWORTH & CO. | Mail Orders Filled.

UP TO DATE DEPARTMENT STORE

113-115 NORTH SPRING ST.

Wholesale and Retail Warehouse, 553 to 559 South Spring Street.

We will positively devote our entire time and capital to the wholesale trade exclusively from January first.

Another Gigantic Upheaval in Dry Goods.

The Up-to-Date Department Store will retire from the retail trade and the entire stock will be offered at forced sale commencing this morning. This means:

Agateware Agitation



Deep into the root of cost does the knife of reduction sink. If you're a wise and economical housekeeper you'll be one of the first to be here this morning. These prices are for the very best quality extra heavy steel agateware. No cheap quality goods.

Agateware Lip Sauce Pans Tea and Coffee Pots

1 quart size 12c
2 quart size 16c
3 quart size 24c
4 quart size 32c

1 quart size 28c
1 1/2 quart size 40c
2 quart size 56c
3 quart size 80c
4 quart size 96c

Agateware Sauce Pans Milk and Rice Boilers

1 quart size 16c
2 quart size 24c
3 quart size 32c
4 quart size 36c

5 pint size 50c
2 quart size 52c
3 quart size 80c
4 quart size 96c

Farina Sauce Pans Covered Buckets

placed with extra long handles
2 quart size 32c
3 quart size 40c
4 quart size 56c

4 quart size 27c
6 quart size 32c
8 quart size 42c
10 quart size 52c

Agateware Dresden Kettles

placed with extra long handles
2 quart size 32c
3 quart size 40c
4 quart size 56c

5 quart size 60c
7 quart size 76c
9 quart size 92c

Agateware Wash Boilers

Size No. 7 \$2.25
Size No. 8 \$2.50

10-inch size 20c
12-inch size 30c
14-inch size 50c

Agateware Dresden Pans

placed with extra long handles
2 quart size 32c
3 quart size 40c
4 quart size 56c

5 quart size 60c
7 quart size 76c
9 quart size 92c

Agateware Cooking Pots

with ball
1 quart size 22c
2 quart size 27c
3 quart size 32c
4 quart size 37c
5 quart size 42c

6 quart size 27c
8 quart size 32c
10 quart size 38c
12 quart size 43c

Agateware Dresden Kettles

placed with extra long handles
2 quart size 32c
3 quart size 40c
4 quart size 56c

5 quart size 60c
7 quart size 76c
9 quart size 92c

Agateware Dishpans

7 inch size 30c
10 inch size 40c
14 inch size 45c
17 inch size 50c
21 inch size 75c

Small size 20c
Large size 30c

Agateware Rinsing Pans

7 inch size 25c
10 inch size 30c
14 inch size 45c

12 quart size 75c

Agateware Pudding Pans

6 1/2 in. diameter 20c
8 in. diameter 25c
9 1/2 in. diameter 30c
12 in. diameter 45c
15 in. diameter 75c

Large size 30c

Agateware Cuspidors

Medium size 15c
Large medium size 22c

Extra large size 32c

Agateware Foot Tubs

17 1/2 inch size 50c
18 1/2 inch size 70c
20 1/2 inch size 90c

Small size 20c
Large size 30c

Agateware Chamber Pails

8 quart size 50c
10 quart size 60c
12 quart size 70c

7 1/2 inch size 20c
8 1/2 inch size 30c
10 1/2 inch size 50c

Agateware Coasters

Medium size 15c
Large medium size 22c

Extra large size 32c

Agateware Cup

Medium size 15c
Large medium size 22c

Extra large size 32c

Agateware Tea Kettles

1 1/2 quart size 40c
2 quart size 45c
3 quart size 50c
4 quart size 60c
6 quart size 80c

7 quart size 90c

Agateware Milk Pans

1 quart size 20c
2 quart size 25c
3 quart size 30c
4 quart size 35c
6 quart size 50c

8 quart size 60c
10 quart size 75c
12 quart size 90c

Oil Heaters—Keep Your Rooms Warm.

The Victor Oil Heater. The most simple, novel, practical and economical oil heater made.

It is safe, reliable, comfortable, economical and safe. The oil found is non-inflammable, non-explosive, non-poisonous, holds one gallon of oil. Get one.

\$4.50

The greatest bargains ever known

A tremendous slashing cut in every price

A sale that will be a "Ring Peeler"

We shall do as we advertise every time

Look at the prices---then doubt if you can

An advertisement that thrills and throbs with bargains

The grandest, golden, glittering opportunity of the year

Novelty Dress Goods

Entirely new effects in beautiful three-color patterns, stripes, colors as navy blue, green and black; heliotrope, green and black; navy, blue, red and black. Goods we intended should be

60c

Novelty Dress Goods

Beautiful medallion designs in two-color effects; choice beautiful shadings; brown and black, heliotrope and black; new blue and black, garnet and black and many other combinations. Intended to sell at \$1.75 a yard; Going Out of Business Price.....

1.25c

Novelty Plaid Dress Goods

Beautiful silk stripe effects, all the same colors, in 25 different shades, regular 60c quality; Going Out of Business Price.....

.50c

Colored Dress Goods

English whipcord serges, 45 inches wide; blue, navy, blue and all colors; a spool of good weight, firm cloth; just the thing for good hard wear. This is an entirely new line which we intend to sell at \$1.75 a yard; on account of our determination of going out of business we will close this line out at

1.50c

Colored Dress Goods

English whipcord serges, 45 inches wide; blue, navy, blue and all colors; a spool of good weight, firm cloth; just the thing for good hard wear. This is an entirely new line which we intend to sell at \$1.75 a yard; on account of going out of business we will close this line out at

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Colored Dress Goods

English whipcord serges, 45

THE LAND.

Orchard, Farm, Garden, Rancho and Stockard.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

A Fair Deal Demanded.

NOTHING is to be gained by circulating erroneous statements concerning the difficulties over the fixing of minimum loads for orange cars the coming season. When a mistake is made in reporting the tactics of a railroad company in a fight over freight matters, and that mistake does an injustice to the company, it should be corrected if it takes all the resolutions in two counties to do it. It was stated a few days ago on the authority of certain parties in San Francisco, and so published all over Southern California, that the carload minimum was quietly advanced to \$28,000; that the action was not made public, and the orange-growers only became acquainted with the fact by accident; that it was the evident intention of the railroad company to keep the master secret till after the growers became busy with their crops, when it would be too late to protest.

Baiting railroads is a very common pastime in this State, but in this case the railroad has the best of it, for there is not one element of truth in the above statements. The proposition to advance the minimum to \$28,000 has been under consideration for over a year, and the matter has kept well-posted shippers in fear for several months; the act of advancing the minimum was not kept a secret, but was made public weeks ago in the rate bulletin published by the Transcontinental Freight Bureau, and sent to shippers, as is usual in case of any change of freight arrangements; it was not the intention of the railroad to keep the matter secret, or they would not have bulletined it in the offices of the shippers three or four weeks ago. All accounts should keep on the side of fairness and truth in this freight contest, for the cause of the shipper is strong enough to triumph, and need not the assistance of misrepresentation.

The railroad companies have never entertained squarely a proposition for a straight reduction on citrus-fruit rates. If a temporary favor has been granted, it was coupled with an advance in the size of the load. Several years ago, when the transportation companies had to salt the seedling orange crop to get it to move, they reduced the freight to \$1 a hundred, and advanced the minimum from \$20,000 to \$24,000 pounds, and the next year all kinds of oranges were advanced to \$24,000 pounds on the load, and the freight on seedlings restored to the old figure. Two years ago the dose was repeated by reducing lemon freight to \$1 a hundred and advancing the load to \$28,000 pounds, and this year the lines have tried their best to bring every-thing up to the old lemon load of fourteen tons. It isn't working very well. However, and the minimum will have to be restored to the twelve-ton load and an avowal should be made that the railroad lines will be less arbitrary hereafter.

The Times will now give some facts that have been entirely overlooked in the controversy over the car minimum. Five or six years ago, when the old C.F.T. and other old styles of cars were in use, the railroads had to haul \$2,000 pounds of car and oranges across the continent for \$250. The minimum then was 20,000 pounds of fruit, and the average weight of cars 42,000 each; now the roads get \$225 under the new minimum for hauling only 58,000 pounds of car and oranges to the eastern markets. The minimum now is to be 26,000 pounds and the average weight of new refrigerators about 32,000 pounds. The difference in freight receipts is \$75, and in car weight 10,000 pounds, both in favor of the transportation lines. In view of these facts, it seems a reduction in freight would be in order, instead of a continuation of the old rates upon a heavier minimum load. Why should not the grower and shipper gain some advantage of the lighter car equipment, for, if the cars weigh 25 per cent less than they weighed a few years ago, and the companies could make money then, why not reduce freight rates 10 or 15 cents a hundred? A modern refrigerator car is now built 10,000 pounds lighter, more efficient, durable and more convenient, without increase of expense, compare with the cars of a few years ago, and the shipper should have some advantage from these things.

When the transportation lines made money at \$250 to \$300 a car and hauled only an average of 7,000 cars for the three years ending in the fall of 1897, why should they not leave the minimum at a reasonable figure and reduce the citrus freight rate besides, with an average haul of 12,700 cars, which the present and two preceding crops produced? Formerly a packed box of oranges weighed seventy pounds; now a box packed in the same manner and containing the same weight of box and fruit "weighs" seventy-two pounds, so it seems the minimum box-load has been increased to correspond with the carload. This seems a small matter, but it will cost the shipper nearly \$10 a car more than under the old rule, or nearly \$150,000 extra to ship the com-ing crop.

To sum up, the three essential points contained in this argument are, that the reduction in car weight by improved methods of building is a reduction in the cost of transportation to the companies, and the advantage should be shared by the shippers; that a heavy increase in the crop should command the best of service, at cheap rates, and without restrictions on the trade by the companies regarding routings or the curtailment of diversions; that a slight change in the arbitrary weight attached to a box of oranges will make an immense difference in the marketing cost, showing how essential it is for the growers to take a hand in all arrangements changing their status as shippers of California's chief fruit commodity. If the shippers make their fight on the basis of reason and fact, there is no doubt of their ultimate triumph, at least to the extent of holding down freight rates, securing the best of service, controlling routings and having their interests conserved in every proper way.

To be more explicit in giving the weight of refrigerator cars, the old C.F.T. weighed from 39,000 to 43,000 pounds each; the C.R.I. & P., 36,000; the Goodell and the Wicks, 38,000 each; the C.F.X. average 32,000, and the F.G.E. from 31,500 to 32,000. The two lat-

dear. A fruit like this in full bloom and bearing adds much to the interest and beauty of a front yard. It thrives well in the ground when it cannot find a tree to climb, by its peculiar method of locomotion.

I found fruiting in the same yard the Indian mango-tree, the Mangifera Indica, esteemed very highly for its fibrous, crisp, and very ornamental with its leathery, variegated leaves and dense foliage. Also the Chermoyer, or Persian custard-apple, a fruit resembling the true custard-apple of the West Indies. Both these varieties are very popular wherever fruiting, and I found the following several places in my rounds afield. The tamarind grows vigorously in the yard with the varieties mentioned above, with its bean-like, delicious leguminous fruit and fragrant flowers.

STOCK FARMING.

California Meat Supplies.

THIS department is urged to take up the subject of better meat supplies for Southern California, and below are given some practical points on this important question. The folly of sending so much money east for prepared and cured meats is obvious to all, and yet consumers cannot be blamed for purchasing imported meats, when the supply of home-grown meat in Arizona is so poor. Six months ago it was predicted that cattle and hogs would be very scarce and dear throughout the country. It has proven so true that even now people of fair means are denying themselves fresh meat on account of the inordinate prices charged. This has increased to a degree the consumption of canned and cured meats, and the subsequent drainage upon the cash supplies to pay for it. The remedy for this is the betterment of the quality and the increase of the quantity of home-grown meats, for which consumers must depend upon more systematic and extensive stock farming, and better methods of stock feeding.

In comparison with the Eastern States the corn average per acre in all localities in Southern California where corn should be grown, is from 20 to 40 per cent higher. In the loamy lands here, damp and semi-damp, corn will produce eighty or ninety bushels to the acre of an ordinary year. Allowing for the great variation in lands, sixty bushels is a low yield, and 125 a heavy yield of corn. This is far above the average of fifty bushels per acre from the best corn lands in the East. Alfalfa will produce more than twice the pasture feed for hogs as compared with eastern clover or blue-grass pasture. This gives double the green feed for growing hogs and a great advantage in fattening them for market with dry feed.

An important point in comparing the raising of swine here with that of the East is the almost entire exemption from cholera—the disease so dreaded in most localities in other places. Epidemic and other dangerous diseases are almost unknown among the hog ranges in this State. In the matter of furnishing fresh meats, Coast stockmen have the field already, and in freight, only the better quality of eastern cured meats make competition possible from that direction, and it is the purpose of this article to show wherein the hog raisers fall here in California to capture the whole trade, and thus keep a home immense market open to them which now finds its way to other corn countries. It is that hogs are not properly grown and less properly fattened for market, resulting in dry, tasteless fresh meats, which the trade will not have even if it has to resort to canned and cured goods instead.

Government Grazing Lands.

[Exchange:] The United States now owns about one-third of its own areas exclusive of Alaska, but a large proportion of it is used for grazing purposes—the government deriving no benefit from such use. The grazing lands are in many cases overgrazed, which could easily be avoided by irrigation methods, and there can be no question that in some of the grazing States great benefits would accrue to the people of those States, and eventually to the people of the whole United States if the grazing lands could be leased and made to bring in a revenue, and if this revenue could then be applied directly to the construction of irrigation ditches, etc.

The dearth is on and farmers should turn to hog-raising as the quickest means of curtailing the demand for high-priced meats. Feed that which will make the pigs grow quickest and mature the best. Force their growth as much as is consistent with their health. Do not keep pigs roaming over your lands eighteen months, and then market them as slabs, when ten months would bring them to prime porkers, at 300 pounds each, by proper care and the use of a little more costly food. So much of the prosperity of Southern California depends upon adversity in farming that it is hoped the doctrine of running to its full capacity every line of industry will become more popular, for this part of the Coast cannot live on oranges alone. Send suggestions to this department upon the subject of plain farming, and upon the under consideration—the development of stock farming.

LAND AND FOREST.

Cannell Sell Land.

THE authorities in Hawaii have been obstructed in the administration of island affairs by individuals who persist in trying to get possession of the public lands of Hawaii, in some cases interfering with the improvements of Pearl Harbor, and other places. The President has issued an order concerning the sale of public lands which has just been made public at Washington, concurrent with the date of its publication at Honolulu. It is as follows:

"The President of the United States directs that all proceedings taken or pending for the sale or disposition of the public lands in the Hawaiian Islands shall be discontinued,

and that if any sales or agreements for

the sale of said public lands have been made since the adoption of the

proposed annexation the purchasers shall be notified that the same are null and void, and any consideration paid to the local authorities on account thereof shall be refunded."

Change of Seed.

[Gridley Herald:] J. H. Jones, the warehouseman, is securing seed wheat from Utah for a number of farmers in the vicinity and for shipment to various parts of the State. A change of seed seems necessary at frequent intervals, as in the wonderful processes of nature the longer a plant is grown in one locality the nearer it approaches the wild state of the plant, and the more it loses its qualities, as shown by millers. For instance, the variety known as Salt Lake Club, is brought from Utah to California, and when sown produces a white berry containing a high percentage of flour. But after being replanted for several seasons it becomes brownish and mottled, and contains a smaller amount of flour. The same rule applies in other places, as in Utah they get their seed in California, and when planted in the soil of that State it produces better wheat than seed raised on the same ground.

Improving Game Laws.

Complaint has been so general of

the wantonless destruction of game in the government reservations of Southern California that Forest Reserve Agent Buick has called upon the authorities for official copies of the new game laws, which he will post for the information of hunters. In the larger parks and reservations of the State hunters have so commonly slaughtered elk and mountain sheep that they have become entirely extinct, and common game is becoming very scarce, such as deer, grouse and mountain quail. Forest agents have been instructed to keep a closer watch upon hunters, and if they are found violating the laws they will be arrested by the authorities of the reservations.

Enforcing Game Laws.

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Improving Wheat.

[Spelman-Review:] Prof. Spillman of the Washington Agricultural College at Pullman, has been cooperating with the Department of Agriculture in experimenting with wheat for fall sowing in the Columbia Basin. In an interview Prof. Spillman said:

"I believe our experiments with the spring varieties will result in securing a wheat which will yield ten bushels more to the acre than the present average. This will add a million bushels per year to the output of the country. I believe this will take time, but our experiments are successful so far, and I am confident we will do what we propose."

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**[REAL ESTATE RECORD.]
HOUSE AND LOT.****A BETTER FEELING FOLLOWS
THE RAIN.****Another Fine Home for the West.
Lake Park Section—Sale
of an Alhambra
Place.****A Suit Brought to Test the Street
Improvement Law—Programs
in Outside Towns and
Cities.****Misstatements Regarding Southern
California's Water Supply—Real
State Transfers for August.
Another Business Block.**

The face of the real estate operator, like the face of nature, is beginning to brighten up, since the recent rains. There is a decidedly better feeling abroad in regard to real estate, and it seems to be generally agreed that we may with confidence look forward to a good market this winter.

WESTLAKE PARK.

The discussion in regard to the oil encroachment around Westlake Park has not yet entirely frightened investors and home seekers away from that attractive section. W. M. Garland & Co. recently sold a fine residence site, at the northwest corner of Wilshire Boulevard and Rampart street, 90 by 137 feet in area, to an alley. The lot was bought by Robert Dudley Osborne, a wealthy Riverside orange grower, who, it is said, will shortly erect a fine residence on the site. The price paid was \$3,750 cash.

AN ALHAMBRA HOME.

J. M. Elliott, the banker, has sold his beautiful improved three-acre home place at Alhambra to W. B. Moore, of Iowa, who will live there. Mr. Elliott's duties requiring him to live nearer to his place of business. The price paid for the property was between five and six thousand dollars, which figure is a great bargain, having cost the seller about twice as much.

TO TEST THE STREET LAW.

The constitutionality of the street improvement law, under which bonds are issued upon property for the improvement of a street, is again being tested in a local court, an action having been brought by the German Savings and Loan Society against a firm of contractors which did street grading work in the Woolen Mill tract. Judgment is asked for an injunction to prevent the contractors from cutting a dead end to the purchaser of the streets in question were void.

The property lies in the hill section, west of Figueroa street, between First and Court streets. The streets were lowered in some places fifty feet or more, leaving the abutting property so high in the air as to be practically useless in its present condition. The bank's claim is a deficiency judgment, obtained after the sale of parts of the Woolen Mill tract, under foreclosure of a mortgage for \$11,000, executed by Will D. and Mary L. Gould.

Evidence was given by bankers and real estate agents that the property in question was rendered less valuable by the great expense of the work done by the contractors. A suit was sought from the contractors on the allegation that they resorted to unwarranted measures to induce owners of land in the district to consent to the proposed grades, and that the value of the bank's security for its loan was thus depreciated.

LONG BEACH.

Many outside places in Southern California have been making extensive improvements during the past year, and a good demand for property has sprung up in several of these localities. Among places which have shown much interest in the work are Long Beach, where, since January, \$9000 have been expended, by consent of the voters, in buying land and building a city hall, \$4000 for a public bathhouse and pavilion, and \$4750 for improvement of the park. It is not surprising to find that the assessment roll of Long Beach for the present fiscal year shows an increase of more than 50 per cent. over the assessment roll of last year. It is expected that bonds will shortly be voted for a \$30,000 sewer system.

REAL ESTATE IN SAN DIEGO.

The demand for real estate in San Diego has improved decidedly during the past few months, and quite a number of important transfers have been made. Among others, U. S. Grant has been investing largely, having, it is said, a \$50,000 D. C. paper, purchased property to the amount of \$130,000 since the first of September.

SANTA BARBARA WAKING UP.

Santa Barbara is another Southern California city which is showing the touch of prosperity. The approaching completion of the gap in the coast line, which will place Santa Barbara on the main route between Los Angeles and San Francisco, is largely responsible for the improved demand for property in and around that place, where a lively winter is expected.

MISINFORMATION.

The editor of the National Rural Journal, published in Chicago, recently published a communication from a professor, who has been traveling in Southern California, and commented thus on the following:

"The water question has for years been a serious problem in Southern California. There is evidently insufficient water to supply the available land. The question is whether orcharding in the direction has not been carried too far already."

This statement is entirely wrong. If any one thing has been well proved by the experience of the past two dry seasons, it is that Southern California possesses an astonishingly great underground water supply—a supply that is probably sufficient to irrigate every acre of available agricultural land in the seven southern counties.

REAL ESTATE ELSEWHERE.

Reports from all parts of the country show that real estate is looking up, and an active fair business is anticipated in most of the large cities. The following figures show the real estate transfers for August in some of the most important cities of the country, from which it will be seen that Los Angeles stands well up in the list:

Buffalo	\$2,140,400
Chicago	7,960,195
Cleveland	1,406,941
Detroit	862,200
Indianapolis	1,000,000
Los Angeles	921,190
Milwaukee	1,619,130
Pittsburgh	1,046,619
St. Louis	2,636,121
St. Paul	1,356,331

BOOM HOTELS.

During the boom of twelve and thirteen years ago, a number of large ho-

tels were erected at various points in Southern California, for the purpose of helping the sale of property in new towns. Some of these buildings were burned down, others have been utilized for colleges and other purposes, while a few remain. The erection of such buildings was not entirely confined to Southern California. The American Land and Title Register has the following on this subject:

"During the boom days following 1880 about \$20,000,000 of good money went into hotel buildings, mostly built to suit the West, and some sections of the South. The ribs of these ill-fated ventures, which 'passed in the night,' have been rotting on the sands of many years. Thousands of men, who as shareholders, owners or proprietors, embarked in the business, were ruined.

"In some cases the tide is turning later, enabling the hotels to meet expenses and occasionally roll up a dividend. As the country grows in wealth and population, the enterprises will doubtless pay out only after bringing disaster to many. The small 'boom town' would not rest until it had a public house costing \$100,000 to \$200,000, while the larger place demanded a hotel costing a million or more."

"In every case the scheme was from ten to thirty years ahead of the times. They not only did not pay, but ruined many innocent and misled investors, and divided business with established houses, made legitimate hotel enterprises unprofitable, and demoralized the business."

"It would seem as if the lesson had been sufficiently learned, yet with good times at hand again, 'hotel ballooning' is once more in the air. Many southern cities are clamoring for a 'big hotel.' Omaha, St. Louis, and other western points are likewise engaged."

"Next to a poorly-supported daily newspaper, an ill-advised hotel venture is the most certain method of money burning of any vocation on earth."

THE TORRENS SYSTEM.

Since the adjournment of State Legislatures, and during the temporary lull in efforts to secure the adoption of the new system of land transfers, less appears in the public press bearing upon the subject. The bill, which originally planned has taken deep root. It is considered reasonably certain that within the next two or three years a dozen or more States will have enacted the so-called Torrens law, thus enormously simplifying property transfers, reducing the cost of making a secure and unassailable title for all the time.

The law above quoted has the following:

"It is perfectly natural that opposition should develop from quarters where self-interest is effected. Slavery's destruction, and other like measures were opposed, but the spirit of progress and the law of public necessity eventually breaks down unworthy barriers. That the Torrens system will give the greatest good to the greatest number is known to all. That its adoption will weed out many barnacles, hangars, and other undesirable features, is also an uncontested fact; that it will interfere with the business of abstract concerns, many of whom have spent great sums of money and many years in perfecting their splendid records. But men capable of such achievements do not long want for a vocation."

With the new order of things, they will readily adjust themselves to new conditions.

"It is found that some objection exists to the amount fixed—as in Illinois—as the first charge. Comparatively few are taking advantage of the law in Illinois, and the same is true of other states. It is believed that as the plan develops and the machinery gets into better working order, the charges can be modified."

A BUSINESS BLOCK.

W. H. Ferry and H. W. Hellman will erect a handsome business block on the northeast corner of Los Angeles and Fourth streets. The building will be used by a large wholesale firm. It will contain a basement and two stories, the ground area of the building being 118x150 feet.

BUILDING.

Among the contracts noted by the Builder and Contractor as having been let are the following:

A one-story brick office building for the Pacific Mills Lumber Company. It will be erected on the site of their planning-mill plant.

A two-story twelve-room residence, to be built on Bixel street near Orange for Dr. H. H. Bartlett of Los Angeles.

A stable and carriage house for Gen. H. G. Orlitz, to be built in the rear of his residence on Wilshire boulevard. The building will be brick, plastered, and designed to conform in style to "The Bivouac."

A two-story frame apartment house, containing four flats of five rooms each, to be built on the east side of Flower street, between Carroll and Washington.

A two-story frame residence to be built on the west side of Hartford avenue, between Seventh and Eighth streets, for Mrs. Elizabeth B. Wright.

A two-story frame residence, to be built on the west side of Union avenue between Tenth and Eleventh streets, for Mrs. Frances B. Barnard.

Following the permits of \$2000 and over were issued by the City Superintendent of Buildings:

James Cook, one-and-one-half-story house, west side of Westlake avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, \$3000.

E. S. Rowley, four two-story seven-room frame residences, West Twenty-fourth near Normandie avenue, \$2000 each.

A COAST MAN URGED.

The mercantile bodies of the Pacific Coast are uniting in petition to President McKinley that a Coast man be appointed on the Interstate Commerce Commission, to succeed Commissioner Calhoun of Illinois. In a telegram received yesterday by the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce from the Portland Chamber of Commerce it was suggested that the California Congressional delegation meet and agree upon a candidate.

Postoffice Improvements.

Postmaster Mathews awarded yesterday to F. Odeman & Co. of Los Angeles the contract for a new cement flooring in the basement of the United States building. The brick floor has been worn to such a point that it is unserviceable, and the department recently authorized the improvement.

This statement is entirely wrong. If any one thing has been well proved by the experience of the past two dry seasons, it is that Southern California possesses an astonishingly great underground water supply—a supply that is probably sufficient to irrigate every acre of available agricultural land in the seven southern counties.

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BOOM HOTELS.

During the boom of twelve and thirteen years ago, a number of large ho-

There are some Pianos made to cheat with and used to cheat with. We will not cut the quality to throw a bone to a price. If you want a good, honest, straight, reliable Piano, made as well as a Piano can be made—made to last and go down through the years a pleasure in the home, we stand ready to figure with you.

If you want a Piano that will give satisfaction first, last and all the time, we stand ready to figure with you. If you want a Piano that will be an ornament to and a joy in the home, we stand ready to figure with you.

By this we mean to say that under no circumstances or conditions will we allow ourselves to be undersold in price if you are looking for an instrument of quality. If you do not care to pay all cash we will extend the most liberal terms—as little down as you please and as much as you want to pay each month.

It is really, under present conditions, cheaper for you to own a Piano than it is to rent one. We should be glad to have you come in and see our stock of Pianos any time.

Southern California Music Co., 216-218

West Third St., Bradbury Building.

Postoffice Improvements.

Fred E. Foy has brought suit against the Crescent Steam Laundry, F. W. Brotherton and others in the United States District Court for alleged illegal use of a patent machine for putting a smooth edge on collars and cuffs, said patent machine being the property of the plaintiff.

Laundry Patent Involved.

The most valuable medicine for all Stomach Ills

Is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has hundreds of dangerous imitators. Be sure you get the genuine if you want to get rid of dyspepsia or anystomach ill.

CITY DYE AND CLEANING WORKS
26 S. Broadway.
LOS ANGELES, CAL.
All kinds of Garments and Household Goods Cleaned or the New Dry Process
DURAND & JENKINS
Tel. Main 561.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS

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Los Angeles Daily Times.

Grand Souvenir Opening

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21.

We want you to visit us. We are proud of our new store and want you to see it. Five thousand beautiful and useful souvenirs to be given away FREE. We will delight your ears afternoon and evening with music by EVEREST'S SUPERB ORCHESTRA, and delight your eye and please your pocketbook with a display of Fall Suits and Overcoats never before equaled, and at prices much lower than you have been paying heretofore. The swellest lines of Hats and Furnishing Goods ever gathered together.

Men's Clothing.**You Are Invited****Furnishings.****Men's All-wool
Sack Suits****Boy's Long Pants Suits****Men's Levi
Strauss Overalls**

45c

A fine assortment of new styles, bought to sell at \$10.00 a suit; sold elsewhere at \$12; now on special sale at..... \$7.50

For ages from 18 to 19 years. Single and double breasted, made in latest style, finished with best materials, made to stand all sorts of hard usage; prices upward from..... \$5.00

All sizes.

**Men's Heavy-weight
Blue Serge Suits****Boys' Double Breasted
Knee Pants Suits****Men's Unlauded
White Shirts**

42c

Guaranteed all pure wool, either single or double breasted, fast colors; suits actually worth \$15, now offered at..... \$10.00

In dark checked patterns, strongly reinforced and worth \$2.25 a suit; special now at..... \$1.50

The celebrated
Marine Overalls

Regular price \$1.00; our price

50c

Men's Fine Worsted and
Cassimere Sack Suits

In all the latest plaids and checks; suits that are sold elsewhere at \$15 and \$17.50; now offered at..... \$12.50

Men's Fine Jersey Ribbed
Shirts and Drawers

42c

A full and complete line of
Men's Fine Beaver
Overcoats

Mother's Friend
Boys' Waists and
Blouses

Absolutely the best 75c grade in town; now on special sale at..... 42c

Men's Fine Whipcord and
Kersey Overcoats

A full regular made, blue, brown and white, a regular 75c garment; now on special sale at..... 42c

Men's Fine Camel's
Hair Underwear

10c

A full and complete line of
Men's Extra Fine
Half Hose

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, Oct. 19, 1899;
WAS IT BONA FIDE? Last week, says the American Banker, when the call loan rate touched 40 per cent., rumors arose to the effect that the market had been tightened deliberately. It was said that a number of strong borrowers had made engagements with the banks without really needing the funds, and just to keep the money out of the market. Naturally, if this was done, the exchanges would be out, but the borrowers expected, of course, to be reimbursed from its effect on the prices of shares. It is possible to manipulate the money market in this way; but it is not certain that the sudden rise of the call loan rate to 40 per cent. last week was brought about artificially. Inasmuch as the market for stock exchange insists that all transactions in the exchange shall be bona fide, the rumors of bad faith in this case may have to be investigated.

COMMERCIAL.

WHAT JAPAN BUYS. The following table shows the imports into Japan from the United States in 1898 of all articles whose value exceeded 100,000 yen. It is taken from the official returns of the Japanese government, and stated in yen, the value of which is 49.8 cents:

Yen.	
Cotton, raw	14,751,199
Kerosene oil	5,910,774
Locomotive engines	1,999,091
Flour	1,979,358
Paint, oilways	1,200,001
Tobacco, leaf	1,598,235
Cigarettes	1,203,283
Nails	977,815
Printing paper	886,607
Structural iron, bridges, buildings	781,180
Sacks	534,431
Electric light apparatus	407,328
Alcohol	397,828
Lubricating oil	380,218
Railway material other than	339,195
Wire-clothes, silver	251,356
Iron pipes and tubes	238,838
Paraffine wax	228,767
Fig iron	226,915
Carriages, bicycles, etc.	205,693
Concurred mills	174,563
Electric light wire	122,222
Watches, gold	145,844
Leather, other than sole	140,942
Tobacco, cut	138,982
Cotton, duck	121,930
Timber, lumber, etc.	116,716
Lens	116,576
Seals, boxes, and packages	104,877

The following table shows the imports from the United States, the United Kingdom, and total imports from all countries into Japan each year, from 1888 to 1898, in yen:

United	United	All
Kingdom, Countries.		
1888	5,648,734	28,699,567
1889	6,340,000	65,549,200
1890	6,874,532	26,615,102
1891	6,840,040	19,993,051
1892	5,985,084	20,789,323
1893	6,090,408	22,929,628
1894	10,982,558	42,189,874
1895	10,270,400	45,000,000
1896	10,324,429	40,251,189
1897	27,030,538	65,406,266
1898	40,001,097	72,707,572
		275,602,156

POULTRY—Dealers pay per live weight for stock in good condition, 10¢ per lb.; for flocks, 9¢ to 12¢; for turkeys, 12¢ to 14¢; geese, 9¢ to 12¢.

Eggs—Per dozen fresh, 12¢; stale, 10¢.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, 12¢; plain, 11¢; medium, 10¢; common, 9¢; Worcester, 11¢ to 12¢; 49¢; 14¢; 12¢.

HAM—Per lb., 10¢; ham, 12¢; giblets, 10¢.

SAUSAGES—Per dozen, 10¢; Winchester, 12¢.

DRIED SALT PORK—Per lb., dried, 22¢; salted, 18¢.

PICKLED PORK—Per lb., bologna, 14¢.

DRY SALT PORK—Per lb., dried, 22¢; salted, 18¢.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., inside, 17¢ to 18¢.

PICKLED BEEF—Per lb., 15¢; rump, 20¢.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb. frames, 12¢ to 15¢.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 12¢ to 15¢.

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POULTRY—Dealers pay per live weight for stock in good condition, 10¢ per lb.; for flocks, 9¢ to 12¢; for turkeys, 12¢ to 14¢; geese, 9¢ to 12¢.

Eggs—Per dozen fresh, 12¢; stale, 10¢.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, 12¢; plain, 11¢; medium, 10¢; common, 9¢; Worcester, 11¢ to 12¢; 49¢; 14¢; 12¢.

HAM—Per lb., 10¢; ham, 12¢; giblets, 10¢.

SAUSAGES—Per dozen, 10¢; Winchester, 12¢.

DRIED SALT PORK—Per lb., dried, 22¢; salted, 18¢.

PICKLED PORK—Per lb., bologna, 14¢.

DRY SALT PORK—Per lb., dried, 22¢; salted, 18¢.

PICKLED BEEF—Per lb., inside, 17¢ to 18¢.

PICKLED BEEF—Per lb., 15¢; rump, 20¢.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb. frames, 12¢ to 15¢.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 12¢ to 15¢.

POULTRY—Dealers pay per live weight for stock in good condition, 10¢ per lb.; for flocks, 9¢ to 12¢; for turkeys, 12¢ to 14¢; geese, 9¢ to 12¢.

Eggs—Per dozen fresh, 12¢; stale, 10¢.

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Southern California by Towns and Counties.

PASADENA.

CRICKCROSS LAWSUITS BETWEEN TWO GROCERY MEN.

Berlily Against Nelson and Nelson Against Berlily—Strengthening Presbyterian Church—Accident to New Block-Masonic Visitors from Los Angeles.

PASADENA. Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Considerable business is going on in both the local courts. The latest is a cross suit brought against D. W. Berlily, a merchant, by C. S. Nelson, his predecessor in business. Berlily & Weston bought out the grocery store of Nelson Bros., and a dispute arose over the adjustment of the accounts. A few weeks ago Berlily sued Nelson for a grocery bill of \$18. Now Nelson turns about and brings an action against Berlily for \$225, a balance alleged to be due on fulfillment of a contract. The plaintiff avers that the defendant turned over to him by this contract a piece of real estate on which he alleged there were no debts; but it turned out after the trade was completed and the deed delivered that there was an encumbrance of \$225 on the property. There is a contention over these alleged facts. The defendant, Berlily, has filed a demurrer setting up that there is no cause for action, inasmuch as the contract was merged in the deed. Arguments will be made on the demurrer in the Recorder's court next week, by Hahn & Hahn for the plaintiff, and J. A. Goodrich for the defendant.

In Justice Merlin's court, today five lawyers had met the judge further on the question as to who shall have the money paid into court by L. C. Root for J. P. Hoffman's prunes, and claimed by Mrs. Buck, Hoffman, John Haefner, D. H. Etten, Cox, and others. The case was adjourned a whole afternoon of talk, the problem was still unsolved. Attachments, contracts, garnishments, promises and claims were as muddled as ever—but the costs were piled still higher. The court told the attorneys to submit the case in writing and briefs and gave them till November 6 to do it.

Sentence was to have been passed on Frank E. Simonds, found guilty of disturbing a public meeting in North Pasadena, by Justice Klamroth this morning but the respondent's attorney appeared and asked that it be deferred till Monday morning. Attorney Ladd said the case would be appealed.

STRENGTHENING BUILDINGS. A few weeks ago Street Superintendent J. A. Buchanan, who is the acting inspector of buildings, recommended that the structure of the Presbyterian Church be strengthened, pronouncing it unsafe. The church officers immediately attended to the matter, and repairs have been going on. Today, at the request of the architect, Mr. Buchanan, and another architect, he found that that had been strengthened by erecting two additional pillars in the rear part of the edifice, and that the gallery had also received reinforcements. The carpenters found that the supports of the gallery front had sprung. These supports have been fixed and a new horizontal truss inserted across under the floor. Mr. Buchanan urges, however, that in addition to these changes two buttresses should be built against the outside of the church, to support one of the walls, which has buckled. With these improvements, the inspector believes there will be no danger. It is probable that a new Presbyterian church will be built before many years.

The contractor for the new Goodrich Block on East Colorado street has had a little trouble, as the stone used in the front is now shored up with joists. The stone on which one of the big iron columns of the front was set, cracked. This let the weight of the column down on the brick pier under the stone and split it apart. It will be necessary to lay a new foundation for the column, and meanwhile the building is on crutches.

MASONIC EVENT. The most interesting Masonic event of the season was conducted in Pasadena's Masonic Temple this evening by Worshipful Master W. R. Hervey of Pentalpha Lodge of Los Angeles, assisted by the other officers of that body, who were present. The Corona Lodge of this city and conferred the Third degree upon Thomas Johnson one of Corona's candidates, according to the new work recently established by the Grand Lodge. One hundred Masons were in attendance, lodges in various cities and towns of Southern California being represented. A party of twenty-five came from the various Los Angeles lodges. The ceremonies were performed with rare effectiveness and the brethren witnessed the innovations with eager interest. Pentalpha's officers doing their duties artistically. Sandwiches, coffee and cigars were afterward served.

A DANGEROUS DAIRY. Dr. Ward B. Rowland of this city, dairy state dairy inspector, has returned from an examination of the I.X.L. dairy, owned and managed by Samuel Martin, and located in the Los Angeles River bottom, west of Tropico. The inspector says he found things in an alarming condition. A large number of cattle had died of Texas fever. Says the doctor: "I found carcasses in the hog corral and back of the barn in all stages of decomposition. The stench was sickening. I saw the sick with Texas fever within three hundred yards of the works of the Los Angeles Water Company. Cows with Texas ticks on them were roaming all over the neighborhood." Dr. Rowland brought home a number of these ticks as samples. The parasites are about half an inch long, round and lead colored, with brown spots on back. They have four legs and a blood sucking proboscis. On the Fusher ranch, near Corona, a few days ago, the doctor found cattle having two or three ticks apiece of these blood-suckers on the horns.

PASADENA BREVITIES. The Pickwick Club proposes a new departure which will be pleasing to the members. The plan is to establish a cafe in connection with the club, there being ample room for such a purpose to have a cook in constant attendance, serve "short orders" at all hours, and get up luncheons and dinners when ordered by the members. There is no club service on this sort in Pasadena and such an arrangement would be greatly appreciated. A special meeting of the club will be held Monday evening to take up the matter and discuss changes in the bylaws.

The audience in the Tabernacle this evening was twice as large as before to hear the third lecture of Rev. Leonard J. Garver in the Y.M.C.A. course. His subject was "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," and he delineated the dual characters with vividness. The Tab-

ernacle Quartette sang well. The lecture Friday night free to all, is founded on "One Valentine."

A. R. Smiley was thrown from his wheel to the pavement tonight by the breaking of the fork. His face was badly scraped, his eye blackened, and his whole body was bruised and lame, but he will not be kept from business.

The street department has been making active use of the city's new grader since the rain stopped, and has done Center, Glendale, Esther streets, Bellview drive and Arroyo drive.

Charles Green, the driver of a hay wagon fell off his load this morning, and at the same time a block and tackle came down on his head, injuring him severely.

Rev. and Mrs. H. J. Staats gave a reception to the Sunday-school and young people of the North Congregational Church at their residence this evening.

Dr. Fenyes has returned from Bolsa with a good bag of ducks. He says the average of the party was twelve birds a day.

Valuable supplies of books, stationery, etc., were donated to the hospital today.

A musical league has been started in Pasadena.

J. F. Halsted has entirely remodeled his fish and poultry market. It presents a very inviting appearance.

The ladies have found out that the Pacific Laundry is the place to send their shirt waists.

Newby & Co. sell the finest meats in town.

Fitters and outfitters, Hotaling & Co. Corcoran wool blankets. Bon Accord. Use the Diamond Fuel and Feed Co.

LONG BEACH.

Schooner Penelope Returning from Alaska—Gold Prospects.

LONG BEACH. Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Most of the members of the Long Beach and Alaska Mining and Trading Company are now on the little schooner Penelope bound for San Pedro. The schooner with twenty men of the company sailed from San Pedro in April, 1898, for Kotzebue Sound.

Most of the members of the little band went from Long Beach, but a few of them were from Pasadena and elsewhere. They arrived in Kotzebue Sound in July and established two traps on Kotzebue River. Last a year was spent by them prospecting about that country, but as far as they took out in all those twelve months. Early last March S. H. Reynolds, with one companion, and a man by the name of G. C. Reynolds and three others started on the long distance journey by dog sledges across country to Cape Nome. They got to that part of the Bering Sea coast ahead of most of the Alaskan gold-hunters, who had heard of good prospects in that neighborhood, and located several claims. The other members of the company were left on the Penelope in July and located some more claims fronting on the beach.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

Miss S. M. Finley had purchased a ranch of six acres on the beach at La Jolla in the Rancho Los Bolitas presented from R. M. Duncan for \$3000.

Malwina D. Lampadius has sold to Cecilia Bobst an improved ranch east of the town of Anaheim for \$2500.

ORANGE COUNTY.

THE SANTA ANA CANNERY'S BIG SEASON ENDS TODAY.

Output Nearly a Million Cans, and Sixty-five Thousand Dollars Paid Out for Fruit and Help-Supervisor's Award.

SANTA ANA. Oct. 19.—(Regular Correspondence.) The cannery in this city will wind up its season's work, so far as canning fruit and vegetables is concerned, tomorrow, after a most successful run of almost four months.

During the season this establishment has prepared for the eastern market almost forty-five thousand cases of fruit and vegetables, or nearly a million cans.

Almost the entire output for the season is yet stored in this city awaiting the most favorable eastern market. A better idea of the quantity of fruit and vegetables now stored here in the cannery may be had by the public when it is known that it will require six freight trains of twenty-one cars each to haul this product out of Santa Ana. The growing, harvesting and canning of these products represent a large sum of money, almost all of which goes into circulation among the poorer classes, and the ranchers. The cannery alone during the season paid out over \$40,000 for fruit and more than \$25,000 for help.

PIXLEY MAKES AFFIDAVIT.

Supervisor D. C. Pixley, from the Fourth District, has made affidavit to the effect that neither Parkinson, Bradshaw, an agent or any other person, ever offered him, directly or indirectly, any sum of money, or any other consideration of any nature whatever, as an inducement for him to support and vote for the Parkinson & Bradshaw Court-house plans. Pixley says, in his affidavit, that Bradshaw is not now, nor has he at any time been, a resident of this city, and has not been indebted to him in the sum of \$300, or any other sum in excess of \$30. Pixley swears, further, that he voted for the Parkinson & Bradshaw plans without hope of financial gain for himself, for so doing, believing that it was for the best interests of Orange county.

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POMONA.

POMONA. Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] At the City Council meeting last evening John Quintin, the Los Angeles civil engineer who has been employed to look into the matter of a sewer farm, presented a carefully-prepared report on different localities hereabouts, and favored the Currier Street site as the best suited for these purposes. The report was filed. The application of J. C. Coyle, who asked that he be permitted to serve liquors with meals at the Pacific Hotel, was referred to the joint Anti-saloon and Citizens' Reform Committee for recommendation.

POMONA BREVITIES.

The funeral of John Packard Norris was held from the Methodist Church at Lordsburg this afternoon, the remains having arrived from the East on the Santa Fé overland this morning. Interment was in Pomona Cemetery.

H. E. Strong has sold out his furniture business to F. E. Hoard & Son.

A dwelling is being built for F. H. Oster on West Fifth street.

The funeral of Miss Birsde Kepner occurred at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the Christian Church. Rev. G. Greenfield, assisted by Rev. F. J. Ward, officiated.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

Singular Accident in Cajon Pass.

Death on the Desert.

SAN BERNARDINO. Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Frank Smith was the victim of a singular accident at Cajon Pass Sunday night. He left here Sunday morning with a load of hay for Gold Mountain Camp. As he was passing up the cañon, the road ran under the wall down under the track he was crushed between the wall and the track on the side of the road, and as Smith had the six-hour team under the track he was crushed between the top of the load of hay and the bridge timbers. He stopped the team and was unable to walk. He had to crawl to the house of Mr. Matthewson, where he remained until morning. In the hospital, where an examination showed that several ribs had been fractured, and it is thought other severe internal injuries were sustained.

SANTA YNEZ FOREST.

The official proclamation setting aside the Santa Ynez forest reserve, which was recently withdrawn from entry and includes the Ynez Mountains, has been received in Los Angeles. The proclamation was signed in Washington, October 2, by President McKinley and David J. Hill, Acting Secretary of State, and contains the virtue of section 24 of "An Act to regulate timber culture laws and for other purposes," the tracts enumerated in the detailed description are reserved from entry, or settlement, and that the reservation hereby established shall be known as the Santa Ynez forest reserve.

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Official Proclamation Formally Setting the Forest Aside.

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TERMINAL ISLAND.

Much of the Waterfront Bulkheaded Against the Sea.

TERMINAL ISLAND, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] About half a mile of the beach front has been recently bulkheaded to protect the foundations of the cottages, and the plankwalks from the sea. From a point a little east of Terminal street for a distance of about one-third of a mile a continuous bulkhead has been constructed. The work was done under direction of a committee composed of C. B. Booth, A. W. Armstrong and F. W. Wood. The construction was authorized by the several owners of adjoining property, who made contracts with the committee. The plan of the bulkhead was designed by Mr. Booth and Mr. Wood. It extends down to the level of low water, and up eighteen inches above the level of the sidewalk. The wall is nine feet in height, and of two-inch redwood plankings. At intervals of five feet are two upright 4x4-inch posts, placed opposite each other, and held by bolts passing through them and through the planking. On the top of the wall is a seat of dressed Oregon pine fourteen inches wide, and held in place by zinc spikes. The seat is in contact with the clothing coming in contact with them. The seat on top of the bulkhead is higher by a foot than the level of any wave that has run there, so far as known. The cost of the bulkhead is \$12 per front foot.

VENTURA COUNTY.

Cattlemen Beat the Southern Pacific at Its Own Game.

VENTURA, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Local cattlemen are complaining of the action of the Southern Pacific company on account of an alleged attempt to hold them up on cattle rates. At present the prospects are for a wet year, with an abundance of feed for stock, consequently stockmen are beginning to import cattle from Arizona to replace those lost in the recent drought.

The annual chrysanthemum fair given under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church, opens this evening in the Chautauqua hall, and the trimming is displayed.

The ladies in charge of the decorations are Mrs. Dr. Covert, Mrs. McCutcheon, Mrs. Commander, R. J. Martin, Colton, Junior Vice-Commander, Mr. Pool, Redlands; Adjutant, Mrs. Josephine Whitney, San Bernardino.

DEATH IN A SHAFT.

Two Men Suffocated in the Borax Mines Near Daggett.

DAGGETT, Oct. 19.—[Special Correspondent.] William Medlin and John Curtis, the two men who have been working in the borax mine in the foothills of Calico Mountain, six and one-half miles northeast of Daggett. The coyotes had stripped the flesh from the bones, and there was nothing by which the skeleton could be identified.

At the G.A.R. picnic Wednesday, the following officers were elected for the coming year: Commander, Judge C. N. Davis; Chaplain, Rev. J. M. Colton; Junior Vice-Commander, Mr. Pool; Redlands; Adjutant, Mrs. Josephine Whitney, San Bernardino.

LONG BEACH BREVITIES.

C. J. Ziegler, an aged citizen and pioneer of the town, died at noon today.

Mrs. Jennie S. Calvin died at her home on Chestnut avenue Tuesday, aged 47.

Oil-boring operations on the Alamitos tract, east of town, have been suspended by the several owners of adjoining property, who made contracts with the committee. The plan of the bulkhead was designed by Mr. Booth and Mr. Wood. It extends down to the level of low water, and up eighteen inches above the level of the sidewalk. The wall is nine feet in height, and of two-inch redwood plankings. At intervals of five feet are two upright 4x4-inch posts, placed opposite each other, and held by bolts passing through them and through the planking. On the top of the wall is a seat of dressed Oregon pine fourteen inches wide, and held in place by zinc spikes. The seat on top of the bulkhead is higher by a foot than the level of any wave that has run there, so far as known. The cost of the bulkhead is \$12 per front foot.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Trial of Alleged Murderer Begun. Steamer Corona Safe.

SAN DIEGO, Oct. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The trial of Ramon Tapia, the Indian accused of the murder of Jacob J. Veitinger, recently committed at Ensenada, was begun in the Superior Court on Wednesday before Judge Hughes. Heffleman, one of defendant's attorneys, claims that the jurors had not been summoned according to law. The difficulties had not been adjusted at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when an adjournment was made until court meets this morning at 9:30 o'clock, when the argument will be heard.

STEAMER CORONA SAFE.

The rumor current Wednesday that the steamer Corona had been wrecked between Port Harford and Santa Barbara caused considerable uneasiness in this city. The Hobsons estimate that they will save between \$300 and \$400 on each trainload lot by driving their stock. The balance of the cattle, comprising 2000 head, will be sent to San Diego.

The steamer will be driven to San Diego.

STEAMER CORONA BREVITIES.

The United Presbyterian Church of this city is being enlarged to the extent of a \$1000 addition, now in course of erection.

Word has just been received from Cuyamaca that the mercury fell to 35 deg. early Wednesday morning. While yet no snow has fallen on Cuyamaca

maca, heavy snows are reported from Laguna and Palomar, with winter-like conditions of frost at

City Briefs.

BRAVE OFFICER INJURED

POLICEMAN LEHNHAUSEN PERHAPS FATALLY HURT.

KNOCKED DOWN WHILE TRYING TO STOP A RUNAWAY HORSE AND DRAGGED SOME DISTANCE—HIS CONDITION VERY SERIOUS.

A howling success; everybody in Los Angeles and neighborhood is talking about the tremendous success of Desmone's \$2.00 and \$3.50 hat sale. This week of the big races is the grand—for all opportunity, the peoples' feast of unprecedented bargains. Our fall and winter underwear, heavy neckwear, gloves, collars, cuffs, suspenders is the best exhibit in town. See our show windows, 141 South Spring street, Bryson Block. Sole agency "Dunlap" hats.

To regular readers of The Times is offered a beautiful and valuable book containing a collection of one hundred and fifty best cartoons selected from those which have appeared in The Times during the last two years. The conditions upon which this handsome book will be given free are that subscribers pay for the book at Sunday Times office in advance. The book is handsomely bound, and printed on specially prepared heavy paper, and will be a valuable and ornamental addition to any library.

The Good Samaritan. Remember the needy? Save your extra clothing, linens, bedding or stoves for poor families of the city. A request is also made for shoes and clothing for poor children. Drop a card to Fred Vrigstad, at the "Good Samaritan," (formerly Capt. Frazier's place), No. 135 East Seventh street, and anything you have to donate will be called for.

The business office is open all night, and liners, death notices, etc., will be received up to 1:30 a.m. Small display announcements may be sent in up to that hour, but large display ads. cannot be attractively set if brought in later than 8:30 p.m. Telephone number 21.

Physical culture, elocution, English, Kramer's, 92 S. Grand avenue. Classes open tomorrow. Children, 3:30; adults, 2:30 and 7. Angela L. Anderson, director.

Chrysanthemums, extra fine, 50c, 75c and \$1 per dozen. Floral designs and house plants. New Flower Store, 217 West Second street.

Henry J. Kramer's dancing class for adult beginners meets Monday and Thursdays at 8. Juvenile beginners Saturdays at 1:30.

The Times job office has removed temporarily, while the new building is being erected, to basement of The Times Building.

All kinds plain machine composition at 30 cents per thousand ems, standard measure, at The Times job office.

Dr. Thurston, dentist, of the Laughlin Building, has returned from Europe. Furn remodeled. D. Bonoff, 247 S. Bay.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Mrs. L. L. Heaton, Miss Edna Parker, A. L. Hearn, Will T. Rington.

Philip Schmidt applied at the Receiving Hospital last night to have wounds about the head and face dressed. He was intoxicated, and said that he had been assaulted on Aliso street by an unknown person.

Ben Hall of Downey was sent to the County jail last night to serve a six-months' sentence for battery. He was arrested several days ago, charged with criminal assault. The charge was reduced to battery, to which Hall pleaded guilty before the Downey Justice of the Peace.

PERSONAL.

W. B. Newton of Chicago is a guest at the Nadeau.

G. R. Seropian, a merchant of Fresno, is at the Hollenbeck.

Emmett M. Bayley of San Francisco is at the Hollenbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Baldwin of Honolulu are at the Van Nuys.

David L. Withington, Esq., of San Diego is at the Van Nuys.

William Johnson, young man from Nevada City, is at the Hollenbeck.

William Hocha, a San Francisco manufacturer, is at the Hollenbeck.

H. R. Burt, a young business man of Austin, Tex., is stopping at the Nadeau.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Brown of San Luis Obispo are guests at the Westminster.

M. H. Krueger, a former manager of the Orphans now living in San Francisco, is at the Westminster.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Rowland, and Miss Rowland of Puerto Rico, are at the Hollenbeck for several days.

Edward C. Fest, a Philadelphia banker and capitalist, accompanied by Mrs. Fest, is at the Van Nuys.

A. L. Waughenhein, a prominent San Francisco business man, accompanied by Mrs. Waughenhein, are at the Nadeau.

J. Downey Harvey, a San Francisco capitalist and clubman, is at the Van Nuys and will remain in the city for the races.

Frank W. Dickson, wife and two children, of San Francisco are in Los Angeles for the winter, and are staying at the Westminster.

James P. Parsons of Santa Barbara, en route from a trip of inspection of the oil fields near Bakersfield.

Col. James Colquhoun, manager of the Arizona Copper Company of Clifton, Ariz., is a guest at the Van Nuys, and is accompanied by William Exley Miller of Edinburgh, Scotland, who is en route home via San Francisco.

RIFLE MATCHES SCHEDULED.

The Los Angeles Sharpshooters held their quarterly meeting last night and made arrangements for monthly medal shoots, the first of which will be held next Sunday. A special competition at 500 yards for a bronze medal and a silver medal was arranged also. The company decided to hold a two-days' tournament in November, the details of which will be arranged by the directors. Two vacancies in the board were filled by the election of Mr. Hooge and by acceptance of Capt. Kelly's offer to serve temporarily as a member of the tournament committee. One new member was elected.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Frederick C. Spreng, aged 21, a native of Illinois, and Alice J. Drown, aged 19, a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

Loren F. Mackee, aged 27, a native of Michigan, and Leona A. Moya, aged 27, a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

BIRTH RECORD.

RICHARDSON—October 19, 1899, to Lieut. and Mrs. L. T. Richardson, a daughter.

DEATH RECORD.

STEWART—In this city, Charles King Stewart, art in health, a member of Holbrook Lodge, F. & A. M. Shipment to San Diego will take place at 2 p.m., Friday, October 20, 1899, until which time 250 carloads of articles of Orr & Hines, No. 647 South Broadway, will be sent. Mrs. Mary Hill—in this city, October 19, Mrs. Mary Hill, in her 82nd year. William Hill, a native of Alabama, aged 42 years.

Funeral Saturday, October 21, at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances invited. Interment Homestead Cemetery.

SUTCH & DEERING, FUNERAL PARLORS Nos. 500-508 South Broadway. Lady attendant. Best service. Eastern prices. Tel. main 561.

BISHOP'S

The children like them for their lunch. They are nutritious and strengthening for them.

BISHOP'S GRAHAM WAFERS.

BISHOP AND COMPANY

SODA CRACKERS

Premier Brand

is California's BEST WINE

and can be had at all first-class hotels, restaurants and wine merchants.

CHARLES STERN & SONS

... 901-901 Macy St....

JOS. MELCZER & CO.,

145 and 145 S. Main Street.

ELLINGTON DRUG CO.

Fourth and Spring Streets.

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